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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

# THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. XLII.—NO. 154. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,699

## The Morning Star.

### TO THE PUBLIC.

**Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.**

### OUTLINES.

Fishing schooner sunk in collision with steamship and nine men drowned. —— The Spanish evacuation commissioners have begun the withdrawal of troops in the northwest part of Porto Rico. —— An unparalleled destruction of life and property by the tornado in the West Indies last Sunday is reported. —— Gen. Otis telegraphs that tariffs and duties imposed in Manila as directed by President McKinley are being collected; trade and commerce are active, and it is believed receipts will largely exceed expenditures; U. S. laws are applied for admission of Chinese and opium, and sales of licenses for lotteries are discontinued. —— The North Atlantic squadron has been reduced from a force of about 100 vessels to thirty. —— President McKinley says troops who refuse to take pay from a negro paymaster will go without pay. —— The Southern railway has acquired control of the St. Louis Air Line and the bridge crossing the Ohio at Louisville. —— Gen. Toral, who surrendered Santiago, was stoned by the populace at Vigo, Spain, and forced to take refuge on a vessel in the harbor. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call firm at 3½@5 per cent., last loan being at 4½ per cent.; cotton easy; middling uplands 5 11-16c; flour quiet but steady without change; wheat —spot steady; No. 2 red 73c; corn—spot steady; No. 2 35½@35½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine quiet.

### WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 16.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 71 deg.; 8 P.M. 74 deg.; maximum, 79 deg.; minimum, 71 deg.; mean, 75 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .02; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .35.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 3.8 feet.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

A storm area is central to night in northern Texas, which has caused rain and gales in the middle Mississippi valley and in Kansas and Nebraska. In nearly all other districts the weather is generally clear, although light showers have occurred during the day in the immediate Atlantic Coast States. The barometer is relatively high in the Middle Atlantic Coast States and in the extreme Northwest. A low pressure area continues central off the southeast coast of Florida, but has not yet attained any force. It is decidedly cooler than on last evening in Western Kansas and Nebraska and warmer in the lower Mississippi and central Ohio valleys and the Lake Superior region.

The following high wind velocities were reported: St. Louis, Mo., 28 miles, southwest; Memphis, Tenn., 28 miles, north; Dodge City, Kan., 48 miles, northwest.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Moderate showers have occurred in east North Carolina, the lower Mississippi valley, and Western districts. The weather continues cloudy in Eastern Carolina, and generally clear elsewhere. The temperature changes have been slight. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: Little Rock, Ark., 2.01; Pine Bluff, Ark., 1.50.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Generally fair; light northwesterly winds, becoming variable.

**Port Almanac—Sept. 17.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Sun Rises | 5.14 A. M. |
| Sun Sets | 6.05 P. M. |
| Day's Length | 12 H. 21 M. |
| High Water at Southport | 8.24 P. M. |
| High Water, Wilmington | 10.54 P. M. |

Some Ohio women want the word "obey" stricken from the marriage service. But what's the use? They don't do it.

There is a unique trial on in Kentucky. One Kentuckian is suing another for "cutting off his water supply."

After Wharton Barker and Cryptogram Donnelly have been running on the Populist Presidential tandem for two years they will be out of breath, and very tired.

Reports from Dawson City, in the Klondike, give the names of twenty men who have gone crazy since August 1st. Short rations, hard luck and Klondike whiskey make a bad combination.

Commenting on the contention of Professor Packard, of Brown University, that man was orignally a fish, a contemporary observes that there is still Spanish mackerel. And there are also New England codfish aristocracy and menhadden fish.

The champion peach liar or the champion peach, comes from Portertown, Maryland, where a peach nine inches in diameter is said to have been grown this year. The teller of this story says the veracity of this peach producer is unimpeachable.

Two boxes of election ballots have been shipped from Pennsylvania to the Philippines to be voted by the Pennsylvania soldiers in the service there. The boxes were accompanied by election officers, who will take charge of the ballots and bring them back. A nice junket for the ballot guardians, to be paid for by the people.

In a speech in the Cortes, Gen. Weyler said "the mistakes made in Cuba are not to be blamed upon the army, but upon the politicians at the head of the Government." He was referring to the Spanish politicians, but the remark would fit this country just as well.

When the gentleman who are attending to the invitation business of our State Fair invited Richmond Pearson Hobson, we do not see how they could have overlooked Admiral Dewey, Commodore Schley and Gen. Joe Wheeler.

Out of the nine men the President has asked to go on the commission to investigate the War Department management five have declined and only two accepted, and one of these, Col. Sexton, is a friend of Alger.

Rotten Row in London was originally called "Route de Roi," but the average Englishman found the French too much for him and compromised on "Rotten Row."

Georgians claim that they have one of the best public school systems in this country. And they haven't any negro school committeemen.

Patty du Clam seems to be in the soup. He has been dismissed from active service in the French army.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. O'Connor—For rent.
Opera House—Lilian Tucker C.
Sneed Co.—Furniture and bedding.
King Grocery Co.—A dollar saved.
North Carolina Car Service Asso'n.
Opera House—The Strange Adventures of Miss Brown.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Milch Cow—For sale.
D. O'Connor—For rent.

### PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Rev. R. C. Beaman went to Scott's Hill yesterday afternoon.

— Mr. John R. Furrentine, Jr., left Thursday night for Boston.

— Mr. W. J. Richardson, of Greensboro, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Jeff D. Sessoms, of Stedman, was observed on our streets yesterday.

— Mr. James R. Williams of Fayettevillle, arrived in the city last evening.

— Capt. W. L. Harlowe left yesterday to spend his vacation in West Virginia.

— Mr. E. P. Porter, of Rocky Point, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

— Mrs. H. C. Twining and children have gone to Marion, S. C., on a visit to relatives.

— Mrs. W. F. Carpenter returned last evening from a visit to friends in Sampson county.

— Mr. Henry McFarlane returned home yesterday afternoon, after a sojourn at Orange, Va.

— Mr. Frank Andrews, of Jacksonville, was here yesterday calling on the wholesale merchants.

— Mrs. T. J. Pae and son returned yesterday from a visit of several months to relatives at Catherine Lake.

— Mr. R. M. Wescott and family, who have been spending the Summer at Southport, have returned to the city.

— Mr. Duncan McLaurin, a prosperous merchant and farmer of Dillon, S. C., was among yesterday's visitors to the city.

— Mr. Robert S. French, a successful railroad man of Charleston, who used to live here, is in the city on a visit.

— Private Claude Leslie, of Company K, has received an honorable discharge from the service and returned home.

— Mr. John W. Peregoy, of Philadelphia, formerly of the Peregoy Lumber Company of this city, was here yesterday.

— Miss Minna Dock returned yesterday afternoon from Weldon, where she went last week to attend the wedding of Miss Maggie Cutts.

— Mr. W. A. Risch, Teneral Auditor of the Atlantic Coast Line, has gone to Poland Springs, Maine, to take a vacation. Mrs. Risch is already at the springs.

— Mr. and Mrs. W. A. French returned yesterday afternoon from Poland Springs, Maine. During his absence Mr. French went to Boston on a business trip.

— Messrs. W. M. Atkinson and Hugh Miller returned from Charleston yesterday on the tug *Alexander Jones*. They went down to Charleston on the same vessel a few days ago.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervou Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

### AN INSIDIOUS ATTEMPT.

**A Colored Parson Talks About Sixteen-Shooters and Various Barbarous Schemes.**

Rev. I. S. Lee, a colored parson of this city, has a communication in the negro organ, the *Daily Record*, of yesterday, of which the following is a part:

*Mr. Editor Daily Record.*

I beg space in your columns to say to "our people" that I do not, nor do others with whom I have talked on the subject, believe that it is true, that it is the design and purpose of the Democratic party of this city and State to stir up strife and provoke riots between the races as a means for carrying the city and State Democratic in the coming election.

We think we know the better classes of our white citizens better than to believe that they would condescend to a thing so low themselves or permit it to be carried out by others, whom we know cannot plan and execute any such barbarous scheme without their consent and support.

We do not believe that the importation of those sixteen-shooters here by our white citizens recently, as I have been informed, is for any such purpose as the establishing of the shot-gun policy in Wilmington and in North Carolina; nor do we attach any importance or belief to the supposed scheme of employing some worthless negro to get drunk and commit offences against some white person or persons, whereupon, an outbreak will ensue, when the negroes are to be shot down indiscriminately, and the cry be sent abroad that the negroes were rising up against the white people.

While professing not to believe reports that have reached him, this colored parson is practically insinuating that some such plot as he outlines has been arranged by "our white citizens." Otherwise, why does he describe so minutely the "supposed scheme?" Evidently, his object is to bring the "supposed scheme" before the public, so he gives the details. He does not "attach any importance," etc., and yet he makes prominent a most infamous reflection on the white people of Wilmington.

There is just one of his references to "those sixteen-shooters" that is true. They are here—plenty of them—and there are various other kinds of "shooters" here, too, in abundance. And they are in the hands of those who know how to use them, and who will use them if driven to that last resort. Forbearance has been a prominent characteristic of the white men of Wilmington; but it sometimes "ceases to be a virtue."

### C. C. C'S. THE VICTORS.

**Relay Race Run Yesterday Afternoon to Settle Rivalry Between L. A. W's. and C. C. C's.**

Quite a company of spectators were out yesterday afternoon to watch the start and finish of the relay race between junior riders of the League of the American Wheelmen and those of the Carolina Cycle Club. The contest resulted in a victory for the C. C. C's. It is contended that the L. A. W. riders were at one time fully two squares ahead, but they lost on the home stretch.

The start was at 5:30 o'clock from the corner of Market and Fifth streets. The time keeper was Mr. Hardy LeGwin; the starter, Mr. Ed. Heinsberger and the judges Messrs. Junius Prempert and Ed. Warren. The start and home stretch were run by Joe Hill and Robt. Sellers. The riders and the order of their respective relays were as follows:

Carolina Cycle Club (Capt. Morriss)—Robt. Sellers, Robt. Johnson, Robt. Harriss and Will Morriss.

League of American Wheelmen (Capt Fisher)—Joe Hill, Bill Leitgen, Frank Irvin and Alf. Jewett.

On Monday night the boys will have a big banquet in the apartments of the L. A. W., as a sort of a complimentary grand finale in which both the victors and the vanquished will participate.

**"Robeson and Columbus."**

The article which appeared in the STAR yesterday under the above head was so mutilated in typographical manipulation that we print it below, just as it was written:

The *Star* congratulates the white men, and the white women, too, of Robeson and Columbus counties on the splendid tickets nominated by heir conventions yesterday. We know the candidates, and we do not hesitate to say that no stronger nominations could have been made. Read in our special telegrams the story of the grand work done hy the white men of Robeson and Columbus counties.

**Celebrating Rosh Hashonah.**

The new year services at the Jewish Temple yesterday afternoon in celebration of the feast of Rosh Hashonah (new year 5659), was largely attended. Rev. Samuel Mendelsohn, the rabbi, delivered an interesting discourse, referring to a number of changes that have taken place during the past year, especially the war, the Dreyfus case, etc. There will be services at 10 A. M. to-day.

**Dr. Hoge Returns.**

Rev. Dr. Peyton H. Hoge, who preached last Sunday before the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York, returned home yesterday afternoon by the Atlantic Coast Line. Naturally he had nothing to say about his visit to the great metropolis further than he enjoyed his trip.

The Campaign Buttons of the White Government Union may be had in large or small quantities, of C. W. Yates & Co., Wilmington, N. C. †

### BEFORE JUSTICE FOWLER.

**Cases for Embezzlement and Injury to Personal Property Under Advisement—Other Cases.**

A. H. Croom was arraigned yesterday before Justice Jno. J. Fowler on the charge of embezzlement, in that he took three crates of apples from Capt. W. P. Oldham's store to sell on commission; Captain Oldham to be paid $1.00 per crate for those not returned. Croom put in a plea that he bought the fruit outright, and embezzlement could not be charged. He showed what Captain Oldham's clerk contended was a memorandum of the fruit and its value. However, it was made out on one of Captain Oldham's bill heads, and the defence claimed it was a bill of sale. Justice Fowler reserved his decision in the matter until to-day.

Another case in which Capt. Oldham was interested was against James and Archy Freeman, colored, two negro boys charged with stealing fruit from Capt. Oldham's farm east of Wilmington. In issuing the warrant a few days ago for the arrest of the boys a negro who has been working for Capt. Oldham made affidavit that the two boys named committed the theft. However, when the case came to trial he swore that they were not the boys, that there were two other boys by the same name who were the guilty parties. Justice Fowler had to dismiss the case.

Blacky Williams, colored, was sent to jail from Justice Fowler's court in default of a $50.00 bond to answer the charge of stealing a pair of shoes from Mr. S. Seigler, on Front street. The theift was committed last year and the shoes sold to Peter Evans, colored, for 25 cents. Since that time Williams has been evading the officers.

Another case before 'Squire Fowler was against Bunnie Meares, colored, charging him with injury to personal property by driving a vehicle into one of Cowan & Co's. carriages and breaking a wheel The case is under advisement.

### THE LAST CASE DISMISSED.

**Bill Watson Acquitted of the Charge of Assaulting Daniel Lee, Colored. Summary of Cases.**

Yesterday the case pending in Justice Fowler's Court against Mr. Bill Watson, charging him with assault and battery upon Daniel Lee, colored, last Monday night, was dismissed.

As has been the case with all the cases growing out of the big Monday afternoon and night racket, the evidence introduced by prosecution and defence was decidedly contradictory. Three negro boys swore that they saw Mr. Watson attack the Lee boy. On the other hand, Mr. Watson and his witnesses testified that no such attack was made, and, in fact, that Mr. Watson was not there.

The trial yesterday winds up the court investigations of the Monday night shooting and other disturbances in the southern portion of the city. And to sum the matter up there are seven of these cases to be tried during the next term of the Criminal Court. Of these five are against James Gerdineer for assault with a deadly weapon, carrying concealed weapons, etc.; one is against Watson for assaulting Bristo Hurst, colored, with a pair of brass knucks and one each against Walter Silvia and Clarence Parker for damage to personal property in the Klondike saloon.

### LAWLESS NEGRO BOYS.

**They Rob a Girl of a Dinner which She was Carrying to Her Father.**

A STAR reporter was told yesterday by a well known gentleman of this city of an instance which illustrates the lawlessness and depravity toward which a large per cent. of the colored youth of Wilmington are rapidly drifting. This gentleman stood near the corner of Fifth and Princess streets, waiting for a street car, about noon yesterday, and saw five or six negro boys take a dinner bucket from a little negro girl and divide the contents among themselves.

They first accosted the girl and asked her what she had in the bucket. She replied "Dinner for my father." "Well I guess you might give it to us," the ringleader replied. She commenced to cry and ran off down street, the boys in pursuit. Before boarding the car the gentleman saw the boys overtake her and engage in a general scramble for the contents of the dinner bucket.

**Will Be Tried Monday.**

The suit in Justice Bunting's court against Messrs. J. R. Bryant and T. B. Jackson, street car conductors, growing out of the difficulty with Elisha Gause, colored, on the street car last Wednesday night, will be tried Monday at 10 A. M. STAR readers will remember that Gause charges Messrs. Jackson and Bryant with assaulting him with a pair of brass knucks.

**Taken Suddenly Sick.**

Capt. C. C. Tillghman, one of the A. C. L. conductors, was taken suddenly sick yesterday afternoon just as his train, the W., C. & A. bound South, was starting out. He was sent to his room at The Orton House and De Capt. Leon Fillyaw took the train out after a very brief delay.

**Lumberton Fair.**

The annual Fair of the Robeson County Fair Association will be held at Lumberton, November 2nd, 3rd and 4th. All space for exhibits free.

FRANK GOUGH, Secy. and Treas. †

### LOCAL DOTS.

— Are you going to vote with the white men's party or with the negro party? That is the burning question.

— The Naval Reserves had a good drill last night in spite of the inclement weather. There was a good attendance.

— The STAR is authorized to pay 25 cents each for 50 copies of the Wilmington *Daily Record* of Thursday, August 18th.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

— There was but one case in the Mayor's Court yesterday at noon. R. R. Ward, colored, was convicted of drunkenness and disorderly conduct and fined $2.50 and costs.

— The many friends of Justice J. M. McGowan will regret to learn that he is quite sick at his home on Orange street. He was taken ill rather suddenly at his office yesterday.

— The Wilmington Bar will meet in the office of the clerk at 10.30 o'clock this forenoon to arrange the docket for the term of the Superior Court to convene here on the 26th inst.

— Mr. Martin Schnibben has bought through Messrs. J. G. Wright & Son, the store property on the corner of Sixth and Red Cross streets for $4,000. It was owned by Frances Brown, colored.

— British steamship *Bellerby* from Shields, Sept. 8; *Beltisloe*, from Grimsby, Sept. 10; *Knutsford* from Ponta Delgado, Sept. 12; and *Tenby* from St. Vincent, C. V., Sept 7, are all bound for Wilmington to load cotton.

— The White Government Unions of the First Precinct of the Fourth Ward and the five precincts of the First Ward held meetings last night. The unfavorable weather interfered with the attendance, but there was considerable enthusiasm displayed.

— Messrs. Mercer & Evans, shoe dealers, received recently the following letter: "Mr. Mercer Evans dear sir i rite to you to find out What you ask for your silk hand ker chief i want to by too good one and a set of link Button you send them and if i like them i will send the money if i don't like them i will send them back."

— There will be prayer meeting service at the First Baptist Church at 11 A. M. to-morrow, but no service at night. After the morning service a short conference will be held to hear the reading of the letter from Dr. Blackwell accepting the pastorate of the church. All members are requested to be present.

### NEXT TUESDAY NIGHT.

**Strange Adventures of Miss Brown Sure to Please Says the Norfolk Landmark.**

Theatre goers of Wilmington are congratulating themselves that the management of the Opera House has secured "The Strange Adventures of Miss Brown" for next Tuesday night. This comedy has a world wide reputation as being the funniest and most ludicrous, yet cleanest piece of comedy work ever produced on any stage. It had a run of one thousand nights in London, and one hundred nights in New York. The company is composed of the cream of the first class New York talent, Miss Lucia Moore (formerly Mr. Keene's leading lady) playing the part of Angela.

The initial performance of the company's present tour was given last Monday night in Norfolk, an excellent impression was made, judging from the Norfolk *Landmark's* report which says:

"The company presenting the farce is large and thoroughly competent, so that taken as a whole the 'strange adventures of Miss Brown' will prove a fun producer of the first water.

"The audience was large and enjoyed the performance thoroughly. The plot hinges on the efforts of a captain of the *Diagoode* to keep his wife, who is a ward in chancery, and who is married while at a boarding school. This captain has to enter this school as one of the girls and in consequence thereof is subjected to many trying situations. There is nothing risque about it, but there are numerous ludicrous scenes, which thoroughly amuse."

**The Case Dismissed.**

Yesterday Justice R. H. Bunting, as United States Commissioner, dismissed a case against Pompey Lyons, colored, in which he was charged with sending obscene matter through the mails. The objectionable note was addressed to Lyon's wife, from whom he has separated, she living at Lumberton and he in Wilmington. The note complained of was not signed and could not be proved to have been sent by Pompey.

**Clyde Steamers.**

The first of the semi-weekly Clyde steamers between Wilmington and New York for this season was the *Benefactor*, Captain Chichester, which arrived from Georgetown yesterday morning and cleared yesterday afternoon for New York. She carried out several passengers and a full cargo of freight. The next steamer to New York will be the *Geo. W. Clyde*, which does not carry passengers.

**Fine Tobacco.**

Mr. J. H. W. Bonitz, proprietor of the Bonits House, returned yesterday afternoon from Goldsboro, where he went to inspect the cotton and tobacco crops on his farms. He brought back some samples of very fine tobacco, one of a quality which sold for $42 per hundred pounds.

### "EAST LYNNE" LAST NIGHT.

**Charles Vaught Co. Greeted by a Large Audience — All Pleased With the Performance.**

That old, pathetic and ever popular five-act drama, "East Lynne," was quite creditably presented at the Opera House last night by the Charles C. Vaught Company. There was a large audience. In fact, almost every seat in the house was occupied and there was a profuse manifestation of satisfaction and thorough enjoyment of the performance.

Miss Lilian Tucker, the talented star, who has so pleased Wilmington theatre-goers by her interpretation of light comedy characters, essayed the more serious and at times intensely pathetic role of "Lady Isabel" and also that of "Madame Vine." She was the thorough mistress of both roles. Miss Tucker is certainly a very gifted and cultured actress.

Mr. Thaddeus Gray assumed the role of "Archibald Carlyle" the badly misunderstood and much wronged husband, and Mr. J. Francis Kirke that of "Sir Francis Levison." Both played their parts admirably. Mr. Charles Vaught appeared in double role, those of "Richard Hare" and "Lord Mount Severn." He was thoroughly at home and master of his part, whether playing the lord, the hunted fugitive (supposed murderer) or the devoted brother and true friend.

Mr. Joseph H. Thayer impersonated "Mr. Dill" and was a typical and faithful old English butler.

Miss Dorotha Walcott deserves praise for her interpretation of "Cornelia Carlyle," the old maid sister of "Archibald Carlyle." Her "old-maidish" deportment afforded no end of fun. Miss Eunice Goodrich was also quite good as "Barbara Hare."

There were the usual specialties between acts, all of which were very creditable.

For the matinee this afternoon the doors will be open at 2:15 and the performance will commence at 3 o'clock. There will be a double bill, "A Female Burglar" and a "Plain American Girl." To-night they will play the popular comedy, "The Arabian Nights."

The company will also stay over Monday and play "Ten Nights In a Bar-room." The "Strange adventures of Miss Brown" will be in Raleigh Monday night where the Vaught Company was to have gone on that day for a week's engagement. Therefore, the latter will not go to Raleigh until Tuesday.

### GLORIOUS OLD CHATHAM.

**One Hundred and Fifty Populists in One Precinct Have Come Back—The Rally at Goldston.**

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

GREENSBORO, N. C., Sept 16.—The Democratic rally at Goldston, in Chatham county was a great success. Fully two thousand people were present. Speeches of Overman, Brooks, McIver, London and Hayes will do great good. In one precinct over one hundred and fifty Populists have returned to the Democratic party, and it is so all over the county. The issue is, white man or negro. Watch Chatham November eighth.

### BY RIVER AND RAIL.

**Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.**

W. & W. Railroad—104 bales cotton, 6 cask spirits turpentine, 2 barrels rosin, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—522 bales cotton, 19 casks spirits turpentine, 63 barrels rosin, 38 barrels tar, 4 barrels crude turpentine.

Carolina Central Railroad—54 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 65 barrels rosin.

C. F. & Y. V. Railroad—262 bales cotton, 23 casks spirits turpentine, 145 barrels rosin, 65 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—5 bales cotton, 21 casks spirits turpentine, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—7 casks spirits turpentine, 25 barrels, 24 barrels rosin, 50 barrels rosin, 3 barrels crude turpentine.

Schooner Stonewall—15 casks spirits turpentine, 130 barrels.

Total—Cotton, 954 bales; spirits turpentine, 193 casks; rosin, 439 barrels; tar, 153 barrels; crude turpentine, 18 barrels.

**alled Back to Wor k.**

Mr. C. T. Bennett, one of the clever and efficient clerks at The Orton, returned yesterday from Garysburg, where he went to spend his vacation. He was recalled to Wilmington by telegram. His recall before his vacation was over was made necessary because of the illness of Mr. James Allen, another of The Orton's popular clerks. Manager Wallace promises Mr. Bennett that as soon as Mr. Allen can resume his post he can complete his vacation.

**Pension Board to Meet.**

The New Hanover County Board of Pensions will meet at the court house, on the 26th inst., to revise the State pension list for the county and add worthy applicants for ensolment. The Board is composed of an advisory committee from the Confederate veterans, camp, the County Commissioners the Clerk of the Superior Court and the Sheriff.

**Probably Tuesday.**

"When will Company K get here?" This is the absorbing question now. Almost everybody is interested and wants to find out when the boys will get here. The Raleigh *News and Observer* of yesterday says that the different companies of the Second regiment will be furloughed Tuesday. Perhaps the Wilmington company will get here on that day.

### SECOND N. C. REGIMENT.

**The Surgeon Roundly Denounced—Men to be Given Furloughs for Thirty Days. First Regiment to Go to Cuba.**

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., September 16.

Of all the incompetents Governor Russell has placed in office, Major Stockard, chief surgeon of the Second regiment, beats them all. Although repeatedly sent for, he refuses to visit the camp, but spends his time talking politics around the Yarboro. The sick soldiers are furnished with no delicacies and Dr. Stockard does not even arrange for milk for fever patients.

Mr. John C. Drewry has been appointed chief marahal of the State Fair which will be held here next month. Col. Cuningham is pushing the Fair right along, and it is needless to say that it will be a success. The Peace Jubilee will be an important feature.

Some members of the Second regiment have been very disorderly here and the provost guard has been reestablished. There has been a good deal of drinking among the men.

Your correspondent has information, which seems to be reliable, that the First regiment will ultimately be sent to Cuba to do garrison duty.

The Democratic Congressional Convention will meet here September 29th. The names thus far mentioned are Captain Shaw, of Vance; Ed. Chambers Smith, of Wake; F. S. Spruill, of Franklin, and Richard Young, of Vance.

Furloughs will probably be granted the Second regiment next Tuesday for thirty days.

Congressman Richmond Pearson says that the First N. C. regiment will remain in the service and go to Wilmington. The President so informed him, it is said.

The provost guard, Wednesday night, all landed in the station house for being drunk.

The institution for the blind opened yesterday with 131 pupils, and the institution for the colored with 130. This is the largest opening in the history of either institution.

**To City Subscribers.**

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

**Church Notices.**

St. Thomas' Church: First Mass and Holy Communion 7. A. M. Last Mass and sermon 10.30 A. M.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Services in St. John's Church to-morrow, 15th Sunday after Trinity, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, at 7.45 and 11 A. M. Sunday School 5 P. M.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D. Divine service at 11 A. M and 8.30 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8.15 P. M. Seats free.

The regular services at the Seamen's Bethe will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. F. H. Farrington. Seamen and river men are especially invited. All welcome.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cuningim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M. Communion at morning service. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8.00 P. M.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.15 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. J. W. Kramer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.00 p. m. Weekly Prayer and Praise meeting Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. A. P. Tyer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, Southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. G. D. Langston, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered at the morning services. Sunday School at 3.30 a. m. Class meeting 3 o'clock p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Thursday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to these services.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

DWELLING 508 MARKET ST.

All modern improvements. Possession given October 1st.
Also, dwellings in any part of city desired. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.
sep 17 3t

OPERA HOUSE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.
Tuesday, September 20.
A Laughing Triumph. A Record Breaker. One Long Laugh.
The Strange Adventures of Miss Brown.
THE GREAT COMEDY HIT.
100 nights, New York; 100 nights, Philadelphia; 100 nights, Boston.
DON'T MISS IT.
se 17 3t

This Advertisement

hasn't been changed as often as usual the last three or four weeks, for the simple reason that we haven't had time to think about what to advertise. As our methods are becoming better known in the community they are being appreciated in a substantial manner by a large number of the most conservative and thoughtful housekeepers, who understand that "A dollar saved is a dollar made." And many is the dollar we have helped them save, too. Try us and increase your pin money.

THE KING GROCERY CO.
B. F. KING, MANAGER.
Phone 307. Fourth Street Bridge.
se 17 tf

OPERA HOUSE.
LILIAN TUCKER COMPANY.
MATINEE THIS AFTERNOON.
GRAND DOUBLE BILL.
"Female Burglar."
"Just a Plain American Girl."
TO-NIGHT,
"ARABIAN NIGHTS."
MONDAY EVENING,
"Ten Nights in a Bar Room."
Matinee Prices, 10 and 20 cents.
Night's Admission, 10, 20 and 30 cents.
se 17 3t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Announcement.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

We beg to announce to our friends and customers that we are

DAILY OPENING NEW

Fall and Winter Goods,

such as New Dress Goods and Silks in foreign and domestic makes.

CARPETS AND RUGS
In All Grades.

We invite your inspection to OUR STOCK before you make a selection elsewhere.

IN LACE CURTAINS, WINDOW SHADES, MATTINGS AND TRUNKS WE ARE SHOWING THE STRONGEST LINE EVER OPENED IN OUR CITY.

Call early and make your Selection.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.
Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Paper Patterns. se 3 tf

North Carolina Car Service Association.

RALEIGH, N. C., SEPT. 10TH, 1898.

*To all Consignors and Consignees of Freight:*

Serious loss and much inconvenience has been caused, both to the shippers and Railroad Companies, by the unnecessary detention of cars in loading and unloading freight. Shippers are often unable to procure cars, tracks are encumbered and the speedy movement of freight is impossible under the practices that have prevailed. The Railroad Companies are obliged to correct this evil, and have issued the notice printed below.

The system thus established has been in successful operation in nearly all of the States in this country during many years, and with advantageous results to the public, as well as to the Railroads. The amount charged is not sufficient to compensate the railroads for the use of their cars and tracks for warehouse purposes and is not collected for the purpose of revenue, but for the prevention of the detention of cars, which affects both the public and the transportation lines. The rules will be enforced without discrimination by the North Carolina Car Service Association, which will act for all interests alike.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on and after Oct. 1st, 1898, cars not unloaded within forty-eight (48) hours after arrival and cars which are not loaded within forty-eight (48) hours after being placed in position, shall be subject to a charge of one dollar ($1.00) per day or fraction thereof, for the detention of cars and use of tracks, Sundays and legal holidays excepted.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
C. F. & Y. V. RAILWAY,
NORFOLK & WESTERN RY.,
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.
P. R. ALBRIGHT, MANAGER.
sep 17 3t 17 22 28

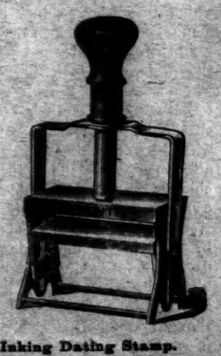
YOUR OPPORTUNITY

Occupying unsurpassed facilities to pack D. S. MEATS of all kinds, it stands to reason we should have your trade or enquiries, and we shall take pleasure to REPLY PROMPTLY. We carry

Ribs,
Butts,
Bellies,
Lard,
Crain,
Flour,
CIGARS.

If you are looking for the RIGHT PLACE to spend your money, we are the people,

Vollers & Hashagen,
Warehouse A. C. Line trackage, Nutt St.
au 28 tf



Self-Inking Dating Stamp.
SELF-INKING PAID STAMPS.
SELF-INKING RECEIVED STAMPS.
SELF-INKING ANSWERED STAMPS.
SELF-INKING LINEN MARKERS.
Rand & McNally's Map of the World, 4 x 6½ feet, only 99c.
WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS.
15 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.
Bell 'Phone 240. se 11 tf

If it is
FRUIT YOU WANT
We Have The Nicest Display
Received this season, including Very Choice
Northern Apples.
A car-load of
PEARS, PEACHES, PLUMS, ORANGES, &c.,
To Arrive This Week.
PALACE BAKERY.
P. S.—YOU KNOW OUR PRICES—ALWAYS ROCK BOTTOM. se 14 tf

**PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.**

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.


# The Morning Star.

**BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.**

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 17.


**DEMOCRATIC TICKET.**

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.

Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.

Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.

Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.

Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.

Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

For Judge of Eastern Criminal Circuit: Dossey Battle, of Edgecombe.

**New Hanover County.**

FOR STATE SENATOR.

Tenth District—W. J. Davis, of Brunswick.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Jos. T. Kerr and Geo. L. Peschau.

Sheriff—Walter G. MacRae.

Treasurer—H. McL. Green.

Clerk Superior Court—Jno. D. Taylor.

Register of Deeds—W. H. Biddle.

Coroner—Dr. W. W. Harriss.

Surveyor—Jos. H. McRee.

Commissioners—Roger Moore, John Barry, W. F. Alexander.

Constable (Wilmington Township)—Wm. Sheehan, Sr.

## "ACTUAL EQUALITY."

The ceremony of dedicating a monument to Frederick Douglass, for many years the most distinguished negro in this country, was performed at Rochester, N. Y., Wednesday. There were a number of speeches made on that occasion, the principal one being by Collector Dancy, of this city. Fred Douglass was a man of more than ordinary ability, and he succeeded not only in achieving distinction, but also in accumulating a handsome estate. He was of mixed blood, and while inheriting from his black mother whatever of sympathy or love he may have had for the negro race, he inherited from his white Scotch father a sturdy intellect and also no little of his sire's thrift. While talking about the wrongs of his enslaved race he took care of himself and accumulated money. But for all that he served his race, helped to create the sentiment that finally set the slaves in the South free, and is, therefore, if freedom be a boon to them, or they think it is, entitled to their remembrance and gratitude, which they showed in erecting a monument to his memory.

In their gratitude, and perhaps in the pride they took in the man whom they looked upon as the intellectual giant of their race, they charitably overlooked the fact that when he was seeking a second wife, after the death of the mother of his children, he went outside of his own race and took to wife a white New England woman, and perhaps by so doing embittered his last days, for his children never took kindly to, or had much liking for that white woman, who, they thought, and perhaps correctly, married their father more on account of his money than on account of himself.

The Associated Press report of the unveiling ceremony says that several of the speakers expressed the hope that the time would come when there would be "actual equality" between the races, something that the more assertive of the race have been agitating and contending for ever since emancipation. What they mean by this is that they hope to see the day when "actual equality" will be recognized by the white man and become an accomplished fact, for they contend that the negro is the "equal" of the white man now and that therefore the equality does exist, although not recognized by the white race.

Neither they nor their children nor their children's children will live to see that day for it is written on the chart of the Great Creator that it shall not be. The race lines were drawn by Him when He made one man white, another red, another yellow and another black and gave each race its habitat on the earth. This is sometimes called prejudice. Perhaps it is, but it is prejudice inborn not only in the white man, but in the red man, the yellow man and the black man. In the four centuries that the white man has been on this continent the Indian preserves his identity.

In the three hundred years of the mingling of the African and the white races the African preserves his identity.

After an intercourse of many centuries between the Caucasian and the Mongolian race, the Mongolian has preserved his identity.

The "prejudices," or more properly the race instincts, of all are as strong now as they ever were and they are no nearer together as races than they were then. They may trade with each other, work with each other, and mingle in the paths of trade or industry but they will never forget that they are of different blood and of different race, and when cause arises they will not fail to show it.

"Actual equality" between any of the different races is one of the "iridescent dreams" that ex-Senator Ingalls used to talk about, which will never be realized until the human family is re-created and differently constructed.

While the dreamers cannot achieve it they may agitate for it and by indiscreet agitation intensify the "prejudice" they complain of and retard the progress of the race they desire to befriend. They have done much of that in this country, especially in the South, where their numbers have made them assertive and aggressive and they are doing it now in North Carolina more than anywhere else in this country.

Just now they are contending for political equality only, that is the political equality which is not confined to the right to cast their ballots, but embraces the right to the honors and emoluments won by the ballots, which have heretofore been too much monopolized, according to their way of thinking, by the white men with whom they have been politically associated in the "joint stock company" that "Prof." Isaac H. Smith, of Newbern, speaks of.

If they succeed in asserting and accomplishing the holding of office for which they contend and whip their white associates into recognizing it as they have been doing since the present black-and-tan party came into power, how long will they be content with that and refrain from asserting and contending for "actual equality," social and otherwise?

Will the agitator for "actual equality" be content to sit in a different part of a church from that occupied by white worshippers?

Will he be content to sit in a different part of a public place of amusement?

Will he be content with the accommodations in a different hotel from that intended for white people, or if admitted there would he be content to sit at a different table from that occupied by white people?

Would he be content to have his dead interred in a different cemetery from that set a part for white people?

Would he be content to send his children to different schools, public or private, low or high, from those established for white children?

Would he, in a word, be content with any distinction between the races?

If he would then he would be content with something less than "actual equality," for that would not exist and his agitation would be a failure.

But if he should succeed in accomplishing it even partially who would be the sufferers? The poor whites first, for the rich or well-to-do could send their children out of the State to be educated or could have them educated at home, while the poor must educate their children in the public schools, which would be controlled by the "actual equality" champions, and therefore the poor white man is more interested than any other in crushing this "actual equality" movement in its incipiency.

The negro school committeemen that the mongrel Legislature has foist upon us must not be followed by negro children sitting in the same schools with white children, and that is one of the things they are aiming at.

We have no apprehension of "actual equality," for the white race will not fail to assert and take care of itself when it comes to that, but the agitation for political equality in the holding of offices and in the making of laws and administering them that leads up to it will do inestimable harm to both white and black, and the sooner the white man puts a quietus on that by declaring that white supremacy shall prevail the better for both.

The races may live together harmoniously when the proper relations are maintained, but they would never live together harmoniously under black rule, which would be the ruin of the black man as well as the white.

An exchange wants to know what will become of the big surplus in the U. S. Treasury. If we have a Republican Congress that question will soon be answered.

## THE BUTTERS RICE FARM.

The Raleigh *Post* contained a brief article a few days ago, asking Governor Russell to explain some things about the lease of the Butters rice farm, which formerly, and until quite recently, belonged to him. The Governor explains in about a column, from which, in as much as we published the *Post's* article, we clip the essential part, which reads thus:

"Mr. Butters and myself had several transactions with regard to rice lands on the Cape Fear. In 1895 I agreed to convey to Mr. Butters this tract of land for $1,000. The deed was then written and I think executed. Afterwards I took an interest in the crop on this land with Mr. Butters for the year 1896, and the deed, although I think it was delivered to him, was not probated at that time. At the end of 1896 we severed our interests, and Mr. Butters cultivated the land on his own account for the year 1897. In it I had no interest whatever. Some time in 1897 the deed was probated, and I suppose was registered some time afterwards.

"Mr. Butters expended on his land nearly four thousand dollars in the way of permanent improvements, so the land cost him about five thousand dollars. At the end of 1897 Mr. Butters offered to lease two tracts of rice land to Mr. Mewborne for $850. Mr. Mewborne rented these two tracts and one other tract from the Navassa Guano Co. It was considered in the transaction between Mr. Mewborne and Mr. Butters that the tract of land in question was worth $500 and the other tract $350.

The tract rented for $500 was in excellent condition, and the rent was low, Mr. Mewborne has now on it a a fine crop of rice that is estimated by experienced rice planters as probably amounting to five thousand bushels of rice.

* * * * *

"So, we have it, that the crop is all made except the harvesting, and a fair estimate on that has been made and the result is a profit of nearly $2,800 to the State on 100 acres of land. If by low prices or for any other reason this profit should be reduced to one-half it would be great farming, showing a net profit of $14 to the acre.

"The allegation therefore that Mr. Butters rented to the State for $500 land which cost him only $1,000 is untrue. The truth is that it cost him $5,000. The rent was low. It was a splendid bargain for the State and I am very glad it was made. Mr. Mewborne can easily find parties who right now would be glad to take the crop off his hands and pay him every cent he has paid out on it, including the rent, and give him $1,000 as clear profit.

Upon this explanation the *Post* remarks as follows:

"The Governor furnished the *Post* yesterday a statement of the transactions connected with the rice farm.

"He admits that he owned the land in question—120 acres.

"That he sold it to Mr. H. U. Butters for $1,000.

"That he and his superintendent, Mr. Mewborne, leased this place from Mr. Butters for the sum of $500 per annum for three years.

"He refers to the transfer of title to the present owner as a matter of indifference as to time.

Now, Governor, don't you think, as a lawyer of some pretentions—we will admit of respectable reputation—that there was great carlessness on the part of Mr. Butters, who also has the reputation, we are told, of being a shrewd business man, in keeping that deed from August, 1895, to October, 1897, before the privy examination was taken, and then holding it until July 26th, 1898, before having it registered?

And again, Governor, you say Mr. Butters expended about $4,000 in ditching, diking, etc. This must have been done not only before you leased it from him, but before he had legal title to the property. Is this not an unusual proceeding for a good lawyer and a gentleman who is said posess yankee shrewdness, to indulge in.

"And Governor, did you not run an unusual risk in permitting your superintendent to lease the property from Mr. Butters when he had no title to the property? As a matter of law, could not conditions have arisen which could have complicated matters?

"We do not intend herein to question any person's integrity, but, candidly, Governor, don't you think there was inexcusable carelessness in this transaction, leaving out the very questionable propriety of your connection with it throughout? Is it not carelessness herein equal to the gross recklessness which has been displayed by your administration in other respects?

"And again, Governor, we have been informed that Mr. Butters has never, unless very recently, listed this property for taxation. If it was worth the $1,000 he paid for it, and the $4,000 you say he expended on it in preparing it for the State, do you not think, as a lawyer and a citizen, that it was worth being listed for taxation by Mr. Butters?

Do you really think that at the risk of storms and other destructive agencies, you were justified in leasing this particular piece of property at a rate per acre four or more times greater than that paid by the State for any other lands? Could your regard for the interests of your friend upon whom you had unloaded this tract have outweighed the great propriety of avoiding even the appearance of evil?


# A CRITICAL TIME

## During the Battle of Santiago.

**SICK OR WELL, A RUSH NIGHT AND DAY.**

**The Packers at the Battle of Santiago de Cuba were all Heroes. Their Heroic Efforts in Getting Ammunition and Rations to the Front Saved the Day.**

P. E. Butler, of pack-train No. 3, writing from Santiago, De Cuba, on July 23d, says: "We all had diarrhœa in more or less violent form, and when we landed we had no time to see a doctor, for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with ammunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, we were able to keep at work and keep our health; in fact, I sincerely believe that at one critical time this medicine was the indirect saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My comrade and myself had the good fortune to lay in a supply of this medicine for our pack-train before we left Tampa, and I know in four cases it absolutely saved life."

The above letter was written to the manufacturers of this medicine, the Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by R. R. BALLAMY. †


## SNEAKY MARION.

Unheralded sneaky Marion Butler went to Jacksonville, Onslow county Thursday, to unload himself of a speech, to about three hundred people, nearly a third of whom were negroes. The substance of his speech is thus reported by wire to the Raleigh *Post:*

His speech was mainly upon the evils of trust and combines, the necessity of the government ownership of the railroads and telegraph. He abused the Democrats; called them liars and hypocrites; said they were trying to fool the people by the cry of nigger; that there is no such thing in North Carolina as negro domination; that there are four white men in the State to one negro, and that the Democrats hired negroes to make themselves offensive, so as to have something for campaign purposes. And then, to cap the climax, he said this is a white man's country and the sooner the negro understood it the better. It will be best for them, if, said he, you will elect a Populist legislature in North Carolina. We will give you a white man's government.

The sneakiness of this speech is characteristic of Butler, and strikingly resembles his Rocky Mount speech, which he tried to crawl out of afterwards. *He* is not afraid of negro domination while we have four white men in North Carolina to one negro, but if a majority of the white men in North Carolina were of Marion Butler's build and were helping the negroes to get on top as he and other Populist leaders have been doing, negro domination in North Carolina would be a question of but little time. He tried fusion with Democrats, and having failed in that he is now in favor of fusion with Republicans, when he can dictate the terms and turn it to his own advantage.

"Elect a Populist Legislature." What a farce! How many straight Populists have they running for the Legislature? Not enough to form a corporal's guard if they were all elected. They are fusing with the Republicans wherever they can, and if elected they can only be elected by Republican and negro votes, and is anybody gullible enough to believe that such men would give North Carolina "a white man's government?"

We had a sample in the last Legislature of what they would give us, for negro rule could never have been thrust upon counties and cities in Eastern North Carolina as it has been without the co-operation of Populists in the Legislature.

When he declared that this is a white man's country that was only a part of the sneaking method to fool the white men who were listening to him. It *is* a white man's country, but Butler can't claim any credit for that. Marion is a first-class fraud.

## CHARACTERISTIC OF OFFICE HUNTER DOCKERY.

The Republicans of Anson county and the Populists held their county conventions at Wadesboro last Tuesday. The Republicans split on the fusion question, but the Pops nominated a fusion ticket. When the racket subsided in the Republican convention Office Hunter Dockery was trotted out to make a speech, the substance of which is thus reported in the Charlotte *Observer:*

"After the first two scenes of the show were over, the bell was rung and the curtain rose over Office Hunter Dockery before about fifty hearers—80 per cent. black—ready to make his plea. I did not hear it, but am told it was very villainous and a regular 'nigger' speech, indorsing Russell's administration and John R. Smith's administration of the penitentiary affair, saying that Smith was one of the best men in the State, and warning the negroes that should the Democrats be elected and have both branches of the Legislature they would duplicate the Mississippi, Alabama and South Carolina disfranchisement laws. In short, it was a mean speech from a mean man."

This is characteristic of Office Hunter Dockery. That's the kind of a speech he carries around with him in his grip sack. He is trying to scare the negroes with that same old scare, and "poor white men" (for he especially appeals to them in his speeches) into voting the Republican ticket, and for him, of course, by asserting that if the Democrats carry the State they will so change the election laws as to deprive the negroes and "poor white men" of the right to vote.

In commenting on this falsehood some time ago we showed how absurd it is, and that it would be utterly impossible to do that even if any Democrat wanted to do it. The suprising thing is that any man pretending to respectability would indulge in such rot as a plea for his own election. Dockery and Marion Butler ought to be yoked together and exhibited as a pair of freaks.

— Friend—"I wonder, Ethel, that you allowed that Frenchman to kiss you in the conservatory!" Ethel—"I couldn't help it." Friend—"Why couldn't you?" Ethel—"Because I can't speak French."


**An Enterprising Druggist.**

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than R. R. BELLAMY, who spares no pains to secure the best of everything in his line for his many customers. He now has the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at the above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size for 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded. †

**CASTORIA.** Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought


## POINTS POLITICAL.

COMING OVER.

— A White Supremacy club has been organized at Richmond, in Gulf township, with 114 members already enrolled, of whom 10 had been Republicans and 11 had been Populists.—*Chatham Record.*

PLAYING TO THE DARKEY.

We are the colored man's friends. The Republican party is his friend as the past 35 years has proven, but we are opposed to either white or colored dominating the other. Equal privileges, we say; hence we say let there be an equal proportion of white delegates at the convention. This is in the interest of the colored man as well as all concerned.—*Rockingham Republic, (Dockery Organ.)*

IT WON'T DO.

The Re-Pop-lican scare crow in this election to whip the negroes and others in line is: If you vote the Democratic ticket you will lose your right to vote in the future. This will not do. The Democrats were in power for twenty years and could have passed any law they wanted to, and they did not do so and it is but reasonable to suppose that they will not do so now if they get in power.—*Washington Progress.*

ONE OF THE QUEEREST.

One of the queerest developments of the campaign in this Congressional district is the complete change of heart of Dockery toward Russell. "Dan Russell has been one of the best Governors the State ever had," said Col. Oliver Dockery in a recent speech at Marshville. Until the Colonel became a candidate for office, his opinion of Russell and his gang was too hot to put in print. But to get an office Dockery is willing to eat any amount of crow, and get down into the dust and worship Dan Russell, whom he despises above all men. Russell robbed Dockery of the nomination for Governor in 1896, and ran rough-shod over the whole clan. If they are willing to kiss Dan Russell's feet for a few votes, what will they not do for office?—*Charlotte News.*

## SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Clinton *Democrat:* Mrs. W. W. Herring died at her home near Roseboro on Sunday the 11th, after a brief illness. On Wednesday of last week she suffered a stroke of paralysis from which she never rallied.

— Dunn *Union:* There seems to have been an unusual large number of cases of typhoid fever throughout the whole country this summer. No section has been free from it. There are a good many cases scattered throughout this section now.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The death of Mr. Wm. Ham, 63 years of age, occurred Thursday morning at his home in Patetown, just beyond Greenleaf. Some time ago he experienced a stroke of paralysis, from which he never recovered. —— Andrew Lane, the negro man who shot and killed Lizzie Mann, a negro woman, at a festival at the park some months ago, was sentenced to seventeen years in the penitentiary by Judge Bryan Thursday in the Superior Court. Lane did not intend to kill her, but he was engaged in a fracas with another man and drew his pistol.

— Charlotte *Observer*: North Carolina has now two coal mines in operation. These are within a few miles of the old Egypt property. One has been shipping coal for some time and the other is now being prepared to make shipments. The mines at Cumnock have been in operation for some time. The manufacturing interests of Greensboro use a good deal of this coal, which costs $2.30 per ton at Greensboro. Some of the users consider it fully equal in value to the Pocahontas coal. The company is known as the Cumnock Mines, and the post-office address is Cumnock, N. C. The other company is the North Carolina Coal and Coke Company. The post-office address of this company is Glendon, N. C. This company will probably put up coke ovens and make coke. When these ovens are in operation the coke can be used to operate the blast furnace at Greensboro. This will give to the State pig iron at a minimum cost.

## TWINKLINGS.

— Harvey—"George said he kissed you. Did he?" Flora (ambiguously) —"Not much."—*Boston Traveler.*

— Footlight—"Who is the most promising person in your company?" Sue Brette—"Oh, the manager, by all means."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— Good Hunting: "What do you do out here, Perkins?" "Hunt, principally." "Hunt? "What do you hunt?" "Servants."—*Harper's Bazar.*

— A Retort—"What kind of a cook are you?" he asked of the maid he loved so true. "Before I tell you," said she, "what kind of a hired man are you?"—*Life.*

— How He Knew—Mrs. Newlywed—"Have patience, Jack! Dinner will soon be ready." Jack—"I suppose so my dear. I thought I smelt something burning."—*Puck.*

— Wife—"Your brother is getting to be a terrible bore." Husband—"In what particular?" Wife—"I asked after his health this morning, and he sat down and told me all about it."

— A Spanish Weakness: Mrs. Norticeit—"The people next door must be Spaniards." Mr. Norticeit—"What makes you think so?" Mrs. Norticeit —"They are always short of coal."—*Judge.*

"You didn't fasten your essay with blue ribbon, as you usually do," said the editor of the magazine. "No," answered the contributor. "My sense of harmony wouldn't permit it. This is an article on the management of the war. I tied it with red tape."—*Washington Star.*

—"Father," said a cobbler's lad as he was pegging away at an old shoe, with a longing glance at the stream that wimpled past the cabin door. "they say that trout bite good now." "Well, well," replied the old gentleman. "you stick to your work, and they won't bite you."—*Household Words.*


It is not a remedy put up by any Tom Dick or Harry; it is compounded by expert pharmacists. Ely Bros. offer a 10 cent trial size. Ask your your druggist. Full size Cream Balm 50 cents. We mail it.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y. City.

Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from catarrah. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I had long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, late Major U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.


## BREATHE PURE AIR.

**The Necessity For Filling the Lungs at Each Inhalation.**

Breathe pure air always. In the lungs a most important physiological process occurs. It is from here that the blood laden with oxygen is sent to all parts of the body, giving off along its course its oxygen and taking up carbonic acid gas, which it brings at last to the lungs, when it is cast out in expiration. More oxygen is taken in by inspiration and the same process is repeated.

So let your breathing be full and deep, going to the very bottom of the lungs in order that all of the blood in them may receive its full amount of oxygen before again starting upon its tour of distribution through the body. Can one use any more forcible argument in favor of loose clothing than this? It is absolutely impossible to secure plenty of oxygen if the clothing is worn at all tight, and oxygen is a food which the body must have always in abundance to keep well.

The air leaving the lungs is laden with that deadly poison carbonic acid gas, which if given off in a close room when no provision is made for its escape and the entrance of pure air soon renders the air utterly unfit to breathe. Perhaps some night you will find yourself unable to sleep and tumble restlessly about in bed. When this occurs, go to an open window and inhale the fresh air, breathing slowly and deeply. A few minutes of this and you can return to bed and probably will soon be sleeping quietly. What has happened? By its restlessness the body was asserting its need of more oxygen. Now you have given it what it so emphatically asked for, and it is quiet. We get as much uneasiness and disturbance from the want of this food as when we do not eat enough, only the symptoms are not so well understood nor recognized so quickly. Always keep your mouth closed and breathe through your nose. Then the air is warmed, slightly moistened and largely freed from particles of dust, so that when it enters the lungs it does not irritate them.

A condition often met with by physicians is anæmia. In this trouble the patient is pale, lifeless looking, tired and generally used up, often without being able to tell distinctly how she does feel. Sometimes these patients say that they have not enough blood. It is really only an element of the blood which is wanting, but that is a very important one—namely, the red blood corpuscle.

When you know that it is only those corpuscles which have the power to take up and carry oxygen, you see at once how important it is that the blood should not be lacking in them. Good, wholesome food, plenty of it and well digested will give you the corpuscles. Furnish them with the oxygen and the body will have an important element toward health.—What to Eat.


**How To Look Good.**

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good, health and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alterative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug store, 50 cents per bottle. †

**CASTORIA.** Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought


## Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| BAGGING— | | |
| 2 ℔ Jute | 7 @ | 7¼ |
| Standard | 7½ @ | 7¾ |
| WESTERN SMOKED— | | |
| Hams ℘ ℔ | 12 @ | 12½ |
| Sides ℘ ℔ | @ | 8 |
| Shoulders ℘ ℔ | @ | 7 |
| DRY SALTED— | | |
| Sides ℘ ℔ | @ | 6 |
| Shoulders ℘ ℔ | @ | 5¾ |
| BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine— | | |
| Second-hand, each | @ | 1 10 |
| New New Mork, each | @ | 1 20 |
| New City, each | @ | 1 10 |
| BEESWAX ℘ ℔ | @ | 24 |
| BRICKS— | | |
| Wilmington ℘ M | 5 00 @ | 7 00 |
| Northern | 9 00 @ | 14 00 |
| BUTTER— | | |
| North Carolina ℘ ℔ | 15 @ | 18 |
| Northern | 18 @ | 25 |
| CORN MEAL— | | |
| Per bushel, in sacks | 47 @ | 50 |
| Virginia Meal | 47 @ | 50 |
| COTTON TIES—℘ bundle | @ | 80 |
| CANDLES—℘ ℔— | | |
| Sperm | 18 @ | 25 |
| Adamantine | 8 @ | 11 |
| CHEESE—℘ ℔— | | |
| Northern Factory | 10 @ | 11 |
| Dairy, Cream | @ | 11 |
| State | @ | 10 |
| COFFEE—℘ ℔— | | |
| Laguyra | 12 @ | 16 |
| Rio | 7½ @ | 9 |
| DOMESTICS— | | |
| Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard | @ | 15¼ |
| Yarns, ℘ bunch | 18 @ | 20 |
| EGGS—℘ dozen | @ | 16 |
| FISH— | | |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ barrel | 22 00 @ | 30 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ half-bbl. | 11 00 @ | 15 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2, ℘ barrel | 16 00 @ | 18 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2 ℘ half-bbl. | 8 00 @ | 9 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 3, ℘ barrel | 13 00 @ | 14 00 |
| Mullets, ℘ barrel | 4 25 @ | 4 50 |
| Mullets, ℘ pork barrel | @ | 8 00 |
| N. C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg | 3 00 @ | 3 25 |
| Dry Cod, ℘ ℔ | 5 @ | 10 |
| " Extra | 4 35 @ | 4 50 |
| FLOUR—℘ ℔— | | |
| Low grade | @ | 3 25 |
| Choice | @ | 3 50 |
| Straight | 3 75 @ | 4 00 |
| First Patent | 4 50 @ | 5 00 |
| GLUE—℘ ℔ | 7½ @ | 8½ |
| GRAIN—℘ bushel— | | |
| Corn, from store, bgs—White | @ | 50 |
| Car load, in bags—White | @ | 48 |
| Oats, from store | 35 @ | 37½ |
| Oats, Rust Proof | @ | 45 |
| Cow Peas | 90 @ | 1 00 |
| HIDES—℘ ℔— | | |
| Green | @ | 8 |
| Dry | @ | 12 |
| HAY, ℘ 100 ℔s— | | |
| Clover Hay | @ | 75 |
| Rice Straw | @ | 50 |
| Eastern | @ | 75 |
| Western | @ | 75 |
| North River | @ | 75 |
| HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔ | 1¾ @ | 2 |
| LARD, ℘ ℔— | | |
| Northern | 5½ @ | 7 |
| North Carolina | 6 @ | 10¼ |
| LIME, ℘ barrel | 1 15 @ | 1 25 |
| LUMBER (city sawed) ℘ M ft— | | |
| Ship Stuff, resawed | 18 00 @ | 20 00 |
| Rough-edge Plank | 15 00 @ | 16 00 |
| West India cargoes, according to quality | 13 00 @ | 18 00 |
| Dressed Flooring, seasoned | 18 00 @ | 22 00 |
| Scantling and Board, com'n | 14 00 @ | 15 00 |
| MOLASSES, ℘ gallon— | | |
| Barbadoes, in hogshead | @ | 26 |
| Barbadoes in barrels | @ | 28 |
| Porto Rico, in hogsheads | @ | 27 |
| Porto Rico, in barrels | @ | 28 |
| Sugar-House, in hogsheads | 12 @ | 14 |
| Sugar-House, in barrels | 14 @ | 15 |
| Syrup, in barrels | 12 @ | 15 |
| NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut, 60d basis | 1 40 @ | 1 50 |
| PORK, ℘ barrel— | | |
| City Mess | 10 50 @ | 11 00 |
| Rump | 10 50 @ | 11 00 |
| Prime | @ | 10 50 |
| ROPE, ℘ ℔ | 10 @ | 22 |
| SALT, ℘ sack Alum | @ | 1 10 |
| Liverpool | 70 @ | 75 |
| American | 70 @ | 75 |
| On 125 ℘ Sacks | @ | 47½ |
| SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℘ M | 5 00 @ | 6 50 |
| Common | 1 50 @ | 2 25 |
| Cypress Saps | 2 50 @ | 3 50 |
| SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Gran'd | @ | 5¾ |
| Standard A | @ | 5⅝ |
| White Extra C | @ | 5⅛ |
| Extra C, Golden | @ | 4⅞ |
| C. Yellow | @ | 4¾ |
| SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern | 3½ @ | 4 |
| STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel | 6 00 @ | 14 00 |
| R. O. Hogshead | @ | 10 00 |
| TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping | @ | 9 00 |
| Mill, Prime | @ | 7 00 |
| Mill, Fair | 6 50 @ | 6 50 |
| Common Mill | 4 00 @ | 3 50 |
| Inferior to Ordinary | @ | 3 00 |
| SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed | | |
| ℘ M 6x24 heart | 7 50 @ | 8 50 |
| " Sap | 5 00 @ | 6 00 |
| 5x24 Heart | 4 50 @ | 5 00 |
| " Sap | 4 00 @ | 4 50 |
| 6x24 Heart | 6 00 @ | 6 50 |
| " Sap | 5 00 @ | 5 50 |
| TALLOW, ℘ ℔ | @ | 6 |
| WHISKEY, ℘ gallon—Northern | 1 00 @ | 2 00 |
| North Carolina | 1 00 @ | 2 00 |
| WOOL ℘ ℔—Unwashed | 8 @ | 15 |

# COMMERCIAL.

## WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 16.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 28¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 28¼ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1.10 per bbl for Strained and $1.05 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for Hard, $1.60 for Dip, and $1.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, firm, 28c, 27½c; rosin weak, $1.15; $1.20; tar steady, $1.10; crude turpentine steady, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits Turpentine | 123 |
| Rosin | 429 |
| Tar | 153 |
| Crude Turpentine | 18 |

Receipts same day last year.—148 casks spirits turpentine, 334 bbls rosin, 138 bbls tar, 54 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market dull on a basis of 5½c per pound for middling. Quotations:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 2 11-16 | cts. ℘ ℔. |
| Good Ordinary | 4 | " " |
| Low Middling | 4 11-16 | " " |
| Middling | 5½ | " " |
| Good Middling | 5⅝ | " " |

Same day last year, middling 6¾c.

Receipts—954 bales; same day last year, 3,370.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70. Virginia—Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 52½@55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—None offering.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

## FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 16.—Money on call firm at 3½@5 per cent., last loan being at 4½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange weak; actual business in bankers' bills 483¼@484 for demand; 481¼@482 for sixty days. Posted rates 483@483½ and 485@485½. Commercial bills 481@481¼. Silver certificates 60½@61. Bar silver 60¾. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds strong; U. S. 3's 105¾; U. S. new 4's, registered, 127½@128¼; do. coupon, 127½@128¼; U. S. 4's 110¾@111½; do. coupon, 111¾@112¼; U.S. 2's, 99; U.S. 5's, registered, 112¼@113½; do. 5's, coupon, 112¼@113½. State bonds—N. C. 6's 125; 4's 103.

## NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 16.—Rosin was steady. Spirits turpentine quiet.

CHARLESTON, September 16.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27½c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, September 16.—Spirits turpentine firm at 29c; sales 674 casks; receipts 842 casks. Rosin firm; sales 1,773 barrels; receipts 3,879 barrels; quotations unchanged.

## COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YOKR, September 16.—The cables from Liverpool, at hand when our market opened this morning, were better than looked for in view of the weakness exhibited here yesterday. The feature of the cables was the indication of broadening spot demand in the English market, and sustained prices, with sales reported at 14,000 bales on these basis. Our market, therefore, opened steady with prices unchanged to three points higher, and further advanced two to four points. There was a very fair interest shown by commission houses. The business was, for the most part, however, the result of a disposition on the part of shorts to cover their contracts in view of the leading tendency shown by Liverpool, with our market pretty evened-up as to the smaller accounts as the result of the liquidation movement covering the past few days. At the same time buying was checked somewhat by indications of increasing receipts at the ports and the interior. The movement of new cotton, however, is still comparatively moderate and decidedly under the calculations of the shorts. The general undertone of the market was better to-day than at any time this week. Private cables indicated a corresponding improvement in sentiment in the English cotton market. Southern correspondents are reporting indications of a better demand for spot cotton from domestic as well as foreign consumers. Crop news was not a feature to-day, although still conflicting, with a bullish average including more general claims of rot, shedding, rust and insects. In the afternoon there was some realizing, which eased prices off a little, but the market was finally steady at a new gain of 1 to 3 points.

NEW YORK, September 16.—Cotton easy; middling uplands 5 11-16c.

Cotton futures closed steady; September 5.38c, October 5.38c, November 5.42c, December 5.46c, January 5.50, February 5.54c, March 5.55c, April 5.61, May 5.64c, June 5.67c.

Spot cotton closed easy; middling gulf 5 15-16c; middling uplands 5 11-16c; sales 265 bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 3,808 bales; exports to the Continent 3,549 bales; forwarded 31 bales; sales to spinners 265 bales; stock (actual) 47,680 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts 500 bales; gross receipts 11,787 bales; exports to Great Britain 424 bales; exports to France 100 bales; exports to the Continent 6,209 bales; forwarded 1,645 bales; sales 2,782 bales; sales to spinners 2,082 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 24,196 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,201 bales; exports to the Continent 4,369 bales; stock 258,310 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 111,475 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,588 bales; exports to France 7,146 bales; exports to the Continent 53,558 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 156,950 bales; exports to Great Britain 37,648 bales; exports to France 8,119 bales; exports to the Continent 25,025 bales.

Sept. 16.—Galveston, steady at 5¼c, net receipts 9,084 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 5½c, net receipts 759 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 5¾, net receipts — bales; Boston, easy at 5 11-16c, net receipts 80 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5½c, net receipts 695 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 5 15-16, net receipts 113 bales; Savannah, quiet at 5 1-16c, net receipts 3,225 bales; New Orleans, easy at 5 3-16c, net receipts 6,890 bales; Mobile, easy at 5c, net receipts 992 bales; Memphis, quiet at 5 3-16c, net receipts 951 bales; Augusta, quiet at 5¼, net receipts 1,503 bales; Charleston, easy at 5 1-16c, net receipts 1,358 bales.

## PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 16.—Flour was quiet but steady and without change; winter patents $3 75@3 90. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 73c; options opened steady on foreign buying, but soon eased off and later developed pronounced weakness; liquidation was a feature, supplemented by prospective larger receipts, light export demand and deliveries on September contracts; just at the close a sharp rally occurred on covering; closed ⅝@1½c net lower; No. 2 red May closed 68⅛c; September closed 70⅞c; December closed 67½c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 35½@35¼c; options were firmer at first on covering, but subsequently easing off with wheat, closed only ⅛c net higher; May closed 35⅝c; September closed 33⅞c; December closed 34¼. Oats—Spot steady; No. 2 24½@25c; options dull and nominal. Lard steady; Western steam $5 15; September closed $5 10, nominal; refined steady, Pork easy; mess $9 00@9 25. Butter very firm; Western creamery 14½@20½c; Western factory 11½@14c; Elgins 20c; imitation creamery 13@16c; State dairy 13@18. Cheese steady; large white 7½c. Potatoes steady; Jersey $1 50@1 87½; Long Island $1 50@2 00; New York $1 25@1 75; Jersey sweets $1 50@2 25; Southern $1 50@1 75. Cotton seed oil steady; prime summer yellow 22½c. Petroleum stronger; Philadelphia and Baltimore $6 60; do. in bulk $4 10; refined New York $6 65. Rice firm. Cabbage dull; Long Island $2 00@3 00. Coffee—Spot Rio quiet and nominal; No. 7 invoice 6½c; No. 7 jobbing 6⅝c; mild, quiet; Cordova 8@15c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3 13-16@3⅞c; centrifugal 96 test 4⅜c; molasses sugar 3 9-16@3⅝c; refined strong.

CHICAGO, September 16.—Increased receipts and an absence of cash demand to-day were the main causes for a set-back in wheat. September closed 1⅛c lower and December lost ⅜@½c. Corn is unchanged. Oats declined ⅛c. Pork left off 5 to 7½ points lower; lard 2½@2½c, and ribs 5c.

CHICAGO, September 16.—Cash quotations: Flour firm. Wheat—No. 2 red 64½c; No. 3 spring 62@66; No. 2 red 67c. Corn—No. 2 30⅛@30¼c. Oats—No. 2 21¼@21½c; No. 2 white freeon board, 24@25c; No. 3 white free on board, 23@24c. Mess pork, per bbl., $8 40@8 45. Lard, per 100 ℔s., $4 47½@4 80. Short rib sides, loose $5 15@5 25. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 50@4 75. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 60@5 70.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 September 65¼, 66, 65, 65½c; December 63⅛, 63⅜, 62¼, 62⅜; May 64⅝, 64¾, 64 64⅛c. Corn—September 29½, 30, 29⅛, 29⅝c; December 29⅛, 29⅞, 29⅜, 29½c; May 31¼, 31¼, 31¼, 31⅜. Oats—September 20¾, 20⅞, 20¾, 20¾; December 20⅛, 20¼, 20, 20⅛; May 22½, 22⅛, 21⅞, 22c. Pork, per bbl.—October $8 50, 8 32½, 8 30, 8 30; December $8 37½, 8 45, 8 37½, 8 37½; January $9 20, 9 20, 9 15, 9 17½. Lard, per 100 ℔s —October $4 75, 4 75, 4 70, 4 77½; December $4 82½, 4 82½, 4 77½, 4 80; January $4 87½, 4 87½, 4 85, 4 87½. Ribs, per 100 ℔s.—September $5 30; October $5 25, 5 27½, 5 22½, 5 27½; January $4 82½, 4 72, 4 67½, 4 70.

BALTIMORE, September 16.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull—spot 70½@70¼c; month 70⅛@70¼c; October 69¾@70c; December 68¾@69c. Southern wheat by sample 64@71c. Corn dull—spot and month 33¼@33⅜c; October 33⅛@33¼c, new or old; November or December, 32¼c asked. Southern white corn 34@35c. Oats firm; No. 2 white western 26@27c. Lettuce unchanged.

## FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star

LIVERPOOL, September 16, 4 P. M.—Cotton—spot in fair demand; prices unchanged; American middling 3 7-32d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 9,800 bales American. Receipts 7,000 bales, including 5,000 bales American.

Futures opened quiet with a moderate demand and closed irregular. American middling (l. m. c.): September 3 7-64@3 8-64d value; September and October 3 5-64@3 6-64d buyer; October and November 3 4-64d buyer; November and December 3 3-64d seller; December and January 3 3-64d seller; January and February 3 3-64d seller; February and March 3 3-64@3 4-64d buyer; March and April 3 4-64@3 5-64d seller; April and May 3 5-64d buyer; May and June 3 6-64d buyer; June and July 3 7-64d seller.

## MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Benefactor, 637 tons, Chichester, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

Schr Joseph, Moore, Tar Landing, Hall & Pearsall.

Schr Gem, 476 tons, Foss, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

CLEARED.

Steamship Benefactor, 637 tons, Chichester, New York, H G Smallbones.

Schr Jacob M Haskell, 463 tons, Hart, Boston, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Br Schr Mola, 350 tons, Parker, Buenos Ayres, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

**EXPORTS.**

COASTWISE.

BOSTON—Schr Jacob M Haskell—387,341 feet lumber, by the Saxapahaw and Hilton Lumber Companies; vessel by Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

NEW YORK—Steamship Benefactor—38 pkgs mdse, 31 cases cotton flannels, 140 bbls tar, 25 do pitch, 55 do rosin, 254 do spirits turpentine, 10,000 feet lumber, 10,000 bolts, 70 bales deer tongue, 210 bales cotton.

FOREIGN.

BUENOS AYRES—Br schr Mola—334,698 feet lumber, valued at $4,206 93 and 50 bbls rosin valued at $116.54; vessel by Geo Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by Kidder Lumber Co.

## MARINE DIRECTORY.

**List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 17, 1898.**

SCHOONERS.

Tacoma (Br.) 209 tons, Matheson, Jas T Riley & Co.

John Russell, 146 tons, Thomas, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

William M Bird, 808 tons, Barrett, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

C C Lister, 237 tons, Robinsen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

City of Baltimore, 298 tons, Cawes, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Lois V Chapels, 192 tons, Medoro, Jas T Riley & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Hawkhurst (Br.) 1,538 tons, Watson, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Moorby (Br.) 1,673 tons, Laurie, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Yearby (Br) 1,665 tons, Goldsworthy, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Passat (Nor.) 654 tons, Aanonsen, J T Riley & Co.


**SANTAL-MIDY**

Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine.

# AN OPEN LETTER
## To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

*I,* DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher. *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher. *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except the Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

*March 24, 1898.* Samuel Pitcher M.D.

### Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which ***even he*** does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

### "CONTEMPTIBLE PIE HUNTERS."

**This Is What Butler Called Those Who Favored Co-Operation in 1897.**

Here is what Marion Butler said in his paper, the *Caucasian*, in February, 1897:

**"The co-operation of the Populists and Republicans in this State has been a dismal and disastrous failure. Only the contemptible pie-hunters see any good in it."**

If you do not believe Marion Butler's paper said this, ask him whether it did or not. He dare not deny it.

If "co-operation" had no "good in it" in 1897, is there "any good in it" in 1898, when Negro Domination is staring us in the face?

What Marion Butler said in the *Caucasian* in 1897, is exactly what every decent white man in North Carolina believes now.

**Relief in Six Hours.**

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

**For Over Fifty Years.**

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

# SEND US

**Your Orders for**

Flour, Coffee, Meal,
Corn, Oats, Hay,

**MEAT, &c.**

AND GET

**BOTTOM PRICES.**

**D. McEACHERN,**

**Wholesale Grocer.**

fe 12 tf

## Foreclosure.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by W. C. Craft and wife Jennie L. C. Craft and Thos. C. Craft and Lucy C. Craft to John D. Bellamy, recorded in Book No. 22, pages 381, 382, 383 of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned as attorney, will, on Monday, the 12th day of September, A. D., 1898, at 12 o'clock M. at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, two certain tracts described in said mortgage. First, that lot in the State and county above named and City of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Princess street 66 feet east of the eastern line of Eighth street, running thence along said line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet, thence south and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning.

Also, a Lot in the said city beginning at the northeastern intersection of Eighth and Princess streets, runs thence east with the eastern line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence south along Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning. Both tracts being in Block 185.

W. B. McKOY.
Attorney.

By request of the mortgagee and consent of the mortgagor the above sale has been postponed until Monday, Sept. 19.

se 16 3t W. B. McKOY.

## Attention, Naval Reserves!

**John E. Cowell** wishes to inform his old comrades that he may be found at No. 11 South Front street, where the "Nantucket" Barber Shop is in full blast. Give us a call. Respectfully,

A. PELEMPERT.
se 4 tf. 11 South Front Street.

BIG G
CURES YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

## A NIGHT OF TERROR.

IT PROVED THE DOWNFALL OF NEGLEY AND HIS PALS.

**A Thrilling Incident of Life In the City of Pittsburg Early In the Present Century, Related by a Woman—Presence of Mind Alone Saved Her.**

The following incident, which, at the time, caused much talk, and is still told by the children of old settlers who heard it from their parents, has never, to my knowledge, appeared in print, and the only object in telling it now is that so many people are interested in anything of an historical nature pertaining to the days of our grandfathers.

My ancestors were among the first settlers of western Pennsylvania, my grandfather being one of the garrison of old Fort Pitt, dying there during the Revolutionary war. The incident referred to was told me by my mother, who was attending a school in Pittsburg at the time, and my grandmother Culberson, who was a resident of the city for many years and who died there in 1864 at the age of 89 years.

About the first of this century a man named Negley built a house five miles east of Pittsburg on a road running east and west, midway between the Alleghany and Monongahela rivers. It was a tavern and farmhouse combined. Teamsters, drovers and travelers stopped on their way to and from the city to get a meal or stay overnight.

These wayside inns were numerous in early days, and are still found in many parts of the country. They are generally pleasant places to stop at. After Negley had occupied his tavern a number of years the place was named Negleyville, afterward Rising Sun and later East Liberty.

Negley was as bloodthirsty a villain as could have been found on the frontier and had associated with him a number of men as bad as himself, who made his tavern their headquarters, and whose business was to rob and murder unfortunate travelers who might stop there. The undoing of these men was brought about in this way:

A poor woman with her two small children started afoot from some point east of Liberty to walk to Pittsburg. In the evening she reached Negley's tavern, and as her children were too tired to go farther she put up for the night. Soon after entering the house she began to feel uneasy, as there was something mysterious about the actions of the inmates. Before she retired to rest a traveler rode up and dismounted, and after seeing his horse cared for entered the house. He seemed to be a drover returning from the city after disposing of some cattle.

Concealing her alarm, she followed the landlady, a coarse, brawny woman, to a room up stairs, whose door was without fastenings and which contained only a bed and stool. Retiring with her children, she was unable to sleep. An hour or so later she heard the traveler being escorted to an adjoining room and heard him complain that his door could not be secured, and the landlord assured him that he was as safe as he would be in his own house, an assertion the traveler evidently believed, as his heavy breathing soon told that he was asleep.

Near midnight the woman, who was still awake, heard stealthy steps pass her door and several persons enter the adjoining room. In a few minutes there was a heavy blow, followed by a low cry and then a short struggle. A little after the murderers came into her room, but seeing that she seemed to be asleep left her, and she heard them carry the dead man through the hall and down stairs.

In the morning they were very polite, inquiring how she rested, etc., stating that the drover had got up early and gone on.

After breakfast she and the children started for the city, but were soon met by a man coming from there, who stopped her, inquiring who she was and where she was going, where she had staid the night before, etc. Believing him to be one of the band, she answered truthfully, but told him that the people at the tavern were very nice people and had treated her very well. He passed on, but she met another coming from the city who made the same inquiries, and still another; but she told the same story, and they, believing that she knew nothing, let her go.

On her arrival at Pittsburg she informed the authorities and the place was broken up, but whether any of them were brought to justice I am unable to say.—Sarah P. Farmer in Pittsburg Dispatch.

**To Clean a Mandolin.**

If your mandolin has become soiled and greasy through being touched by moist fingers, take a mixture of one teaspoon of vinegar in four teaspoons of water and lightly wash the parts affected. Then rub dry and continue to rub with a dry, clean cloth, which must be entirely free from all roughness. After this polish with some good furniture polish.

**It Wouldn't Work.**

"One touch of nature, you know, old man"—

"Of course, of course; but you're not nature, and consequently I refuse to be touched."

Thus the promptness with which he saw the point saved him.—Chicago Post.

## A HORRID SLANDER.

### The Most Infamous That Ever Appeared in Print in This State.

**The Alarmed Politicians are Trying to Break the Force of it by Resorting to Various Dodges, But They are Too Thin.**

The infamous assault on the white women of this State which appeared on the 18th of August in the *Daily Record*, the negro paper published in this city, has aroused a storm of indignation from one end of the State to the other. We have received so many requests for copies of the STAR containing this article that we herewith reproduce it in full, the accuracy of which is certified to by Col. John D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, and by a number of our well-known business men. The article is headed:

**Mrs. Felton's Speech.**

"A Mrs. Felton, from Georgia, makes a speech before the Agricultural Society at Tybee, Ga., in which she advocates lynching as an extreme measure. This woman makes a strong plea for womanhood, and if the alleged crimes or rape were half so frequent as is oftimes reported, her plea would be worthy of consideration.

"Mrs. Felton, like many other so-called Christians, loses sight of the basic principle of the religion of Christ in her plea for one class of people as against another. If a missionary spirit is essential for the uplifting of the poor white girls, why is it? The The morals of the poor white people are on a par with their colored neighbors of like conditions, and if auy one doubts the statement let him visit among them. The whole lump needs to be leavened by those who profess so much religion and showing them that the preservation of virtue is an essential for the life ot any people.

"Mrs. Felton begins well for she admits that education will better protect the girls on the farm from the assaulter. This we admit and it should not be confined to the white any more than to the colored girls. The papers are filled often with reports of rapes of white women, and the subsequent lynching of the alleged rapists. The editors pour forth volleys of aspersions against all negroes because of the few who may be guilty. If the papers and speakers of the other race would condemn the commission of crime because it is crime and not try to make it appear that the negroes were the only criminals, they would find their strongest allies in the intelligent negroes themselves, and together. the whites and blacks would root the evil out of both races.

"We suggest that the whites guard their women more closely, as Mrs. Felton says, thus giving no opportunity for the human fiend, be he white or black. **You leave your goods out of doors and then complain because they are taken away.** Poor white men are careless in the matter of protecting their women, especially on farms. They are careless of their conduct toward them **and our experience among poor white people in the country teaches us that the women of that race are not any more particular in the matter of clandestine meetings with colored men, than are the white men with colored women. Meetings of this kind go on for some time until the woman's infatuation or the man's boldness, bring attention to them and the man is lynched for rape. Every negro lynched is called a 'big, burly, black brute,' when in fact many of those who have thus been dealt with had white men for their fathers, and were not only not 'black' and 'burly' but were sufficiently attractive for white girls of culture and refinement to fall in love with them as is well known to all."**

"Mrs. Felton must begin at the fountain head if she wishes to purify the stream.

"Teach your men purity. Let virtue be something more than an excuse for them to intimidate and torture a helpless people. Tell your men that it is no worse for a black man to be intimate with a white woman, than for a white man to be intimate with a colored woman.

You set yourselves down as a lot of carping hypocrites; in fact you cry aloud for the virtue of your women while you seek to destroy the morality of ours. Don't think ever that your women will remain pure while you are debauching ours. You sow the seed—the harvest will come in due time."

THE AFFIDAVIT OF THE CLERK.

An effort has been made by some of the politicians to fool the people by representing that this slander was a Democratic trick or was garbled, but the following affidavit from the Clerk of the Superior Court settles the question as to its accuracy:

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

I, John D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is an accurate and true copy of an editorial in the *Daily Record*, a paper published in the city of Wilmington, of date Aug. 18, 1898.

"I further certify that said paper has been published in said city at least eight months prior to this date; that Alex. L. Manly, the editor, is a negro, is well known as a Republican and has before this held the office of Deputy Register of Deeds of New Hanover county, by appointment from Charles W. Norwood, Republican Register of Deeds, of New Hanover county.

"I further certify that John N. Goins, business manager; L. D. Manly, foreman; Jno. T. Howe, general traveling agent; and F. G. Manly, general manager, are all negroes, and are known as Republicans and the said Jno. T. Howe was a Republican Representative from New Hanover county in the Legislature of 1897. Witness my hand and seal this August 24th, 1898. JOHN D. TAYLOR,
Clerk Superior Court of New Hanover Co.

**Who Manly Is.**

As the Republican politicians in this county could not call this assault a Democratic trick, or say it was garbled, they tried to break the force of it by repudiating the paper as a party organ and characterizing the editor as a "simpleton" who represents no one but himself. The following affidavit from a number of business men of Wilmington testifies to the accuracy of the published slander, tells who Manly and his associates on the *Record* are and shows that Manly was not regarded as a simpleton, or a nobody before he startled the bosses by the publication of that awful article:

CITIZENS TESTIFY.

B. G. Worth, of the Worth Co.; R. W. Hicks, wholesale grocer; C. E. Borden, president of Navassa Guano Co.; W. L. DeRosset, commander of N. C. Division Confederate Veterans, and John C. Springer, of the firm of W. E. Springer & Co., each being duly sworn says that he has read the foregoing paper, and that the said is an accurate and true copy of an editorial in the *Daily Record* of the date August 18th, 1898; that said paper, the *Daily Record*, has been published in the city of Wilmington at least eight months prior to this date, and Alex. L. Manly, the editor thereof, is a negro, is well known as a Republican and has held the position of Deputy Register of Deeds in New Hanover county under the Republicans.

Affiants further say that John N. Goins, business manager, L. D. Manly, foreman, John T. Howe, general traveling agent, and F. G. Manly, general manager, are all negroes, and Republicans, and the said John T. Howe was a Republican Representative from New Hanover county in the Legislature of 1897. W. L. DeROSSET,
JOHN C. SPRINGER,
B. G. WORTH,
R. W. HICKS,
CHAS. E. BORDEN.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

Personally appeared before me, Wm. L. DeRossett, B. G. Worth, John C. Springer, R. W. Hicks and Charles E. Borden, shown to me to be the persons they represent themselves to be, and made oaths that the above statement is correct to the best of their knowledge and belief.

JOHN TURRENTINE,
Notary Public.

**A LOCAL Disease**

**A Climatic Affection,**

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure it.

Get a well-known pharmaceutical remedy.

**Ely's Cream Balm.**

It is quickly Absorbed. Gives relief at once. Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Cocaine. No Mercury. No Injurious drug. Full Size 50c. Trial Size 10c at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

se 1 1y tu th sa

CATARRH
COLD IN HEAD

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

We now have the Agency here for the following staple lines of

**SHOES.**

**The Celebrated W. L. Douglass**
Gents' Fine Footwear.

**The Val Drettenhoper & Sons'**
Ladies' Fine Footwear.

**John Mundell's**
Children's School Shoes.

We have just received fresh shipments of these excellent good, all of which are strictly UP-TO-DATE in Style and Finish. No comment upon the quality of these goods is necessary. We simply ask EVERYBODY to buy a pair. This would give us the best advertisement in the world, because every pair is

**Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction.**

Look at what we have, before buying elsewhere, please. We can save you money.

Respectfully,

**MERCER & EVANS,**

se 4 tf

## "Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

**Medicines & Filling Prescriptions**

from me, you run no risk whatever It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, Store 150, and residence 269.

Yours, for some of your business.

**James D. Nutt, The Druggist.**

my 22 tf

## St. Paul's Academy

**FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.**

Sixth and Princess streets, Wilmington, N. C.

**Students Thoroughly Prepared for**

**COLLEGE AND BUSINESS.**

Session opens September 26. Terms $3.00 and $4.00 per calendar month.

For information apply to

**E. O. Counts, A. M., Principal,**
215 North Seventh street,

or to A. G. Voigt, D. D., No. 12 North Sixth street. au 11 6w

## NOTICE.

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central Railroad Co.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., SEPT. 6TH, 1898

The regular Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the Company in the city of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, on Thursday, the 6th day of October, A. D., 1898, at one o'clock P. M.

**JOHN H. SHARP,**
**Secretary.**

se 6 30t

## The North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.

For catalogues address

**Pres. A. Q. HOLLADAY,**
je 28 tf. RALEIGH, N. C.

## R. R. LOVE & BRO.

**GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**

110 North Water street. We solicit your consignments and orders.

One second hand Cook Stove and two second-hand Show Cases for sale cheap.

au 2 1m **R. R. Love & Bro.**

**Edgeworth Boarding and Day School**

For Girls. Re-opens Sept. 28, 1898. 36th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal.
Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal.
122 and 124 W. Franklin street, Baltimore, Md
jy 27 2m we sa

**Notre Dame of Maryland.**

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings, completely Equipped. Charles Street Avenue BALTIMORE, MD. su we sa jy 24 2m

**When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America**

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

**Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.**

## Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

| RESOURCES. | | LIABILITIES. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Loans | $543,255 52 | Capital | $125,000 00 |
| Overdrafts | 167 97 | Surplus | $70,000 00 |
| U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par) | 40,100 00 | Undivided profits | 9,953 25— 79,953 25 |
| Banking House and Fixtures | 10,000 00 | Circulation | 30,000 00 |
| Due from other Banks | $109,664 22 | Total Deposits | 561,976 40 |
| Cash on hand | 99,741 94—209,406 16 | | |
| Total | $802,929 65 | Total | $802,929 65 |

**COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:**

| | July 14, '98. | July 14, '97. | July 14, '98. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Total Deposits | $484,000 | $514,000 | $562,000 |
| Surplus and Net Profits | 55,700 | 60,000 | 70,000 |
| Bills Payable and Re-discounts | NONE. | NONE. | NONE. |

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. jy 28 tf

## SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,

AND DEPOSIT IT IN

## The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

**Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.**

**We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.**

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
2.—You can draw it out when you need it.
3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and work ing for you while you are asleep.
4.—We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. je 9 tf

## ICE, ICE, ICE,

**In Any Quantity From**

## 10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

**Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.**

## Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.

my 12 tf

## MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

**Maxton N C.**

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

**Eleven Per Cent.**

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

## FOR SALE.

## Desirable Tract of Land

**Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.**

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 815 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 615 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address
THE MORNING STAR,
my 22 tf Wilmington N. C.

## WANTED

**5,000 lbs. Wool.**

**3,000 lbs. Beeswax.**

*WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.*

**SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,**
je 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

## HOTEL STEWART.

**Rates $2.00 Per Day.**

West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office.
feb 23tf Goldsboro, N. C.

## Jackson Springs Hotel.

**Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:**

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.,
Nov. 12, 1897.

*H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:*

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,
Yours, Respectfully, &c.,
CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

**Packed for Shipping.**

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

**H. E. THOMPSON,**
my 12 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C

## Barbadoes Molasses

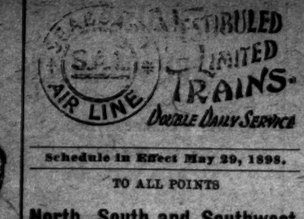
**Of Our Own Importation Now on Hand and**

## New Crop to Arrive.

**WE CARRY ALL GRADES, STYLES AND PRICES.**

## The Worth Company.

jy 21 tf




**Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.**

TO ALL POINTS

## North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 2:30 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:38 p. m., Hamlet 6.53 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:30 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:09 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 8:45 p. m., and Atlanta 5:30 a. m.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m. leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 4:53 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:48 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:33 p. m., Atlanta 3:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:12 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:30 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.03 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:50 p. m., Charlotte 8:28 p.m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:51 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:03 a. m., Raleigh 3:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

## Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

**Condensed Schedule**

**In Effect July 3rd, 1898.**

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 2 DAILY. |
|---|---|
| Leave Wilmington | 8 30 A. M. |
| Arrive Fayetteville | 11 40 " |
| Leave Fayetteville | 11 50 " |
| Leave Fayetteville Junction | 11 54 " |
| Leave Sanford | 1 06 P. M. |
| Leave Climax | 3 10 " |
| Leave Greensboro | 3 40 " |
| Leave Greensboro | 3 50 " |
| Leave Stokesdale | 4 27 " |
| Leave Walnut Cove | 5 07 " |
| Leave Rural Hall | 5 36 " |
| Arrive Mt. Airy | 7 00 " |

| SOUTH BOUND. | No. 1 DAILY. |
|---|---|
| Leave Mt. Airy | 8 45 A. M. |
| Leave Rural Hall | 10 00 " |
| Leave Walnut Cove | 10 36 " |
| Leave Stokesdale | 11 07 " |
| Arrive Greensboro | 11 55 " |
| Leave Greensboro | 12 13 P. M. |
| Leave Climax | 12 49 " |
| Leave Sanford | 2 30 " |
| Leave Fayetteville Junction | 3 49 " |
| Arrive Fayetteville | 3 52 " |
| Leave Fayetteville | 4 02 " |
| Arrive Wilmington | 7 05 " |

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 4. DAILY. |
|---|---|
| Leave Bennettsville | 8.00 A. M. |
| Arrive Maxton | 9 03 " |
| Leave Maxton | 9 07 " |
| Leave Red Springs | 9 35 " |
| Leave Hope Mills | 10 20 " |
| Arrive Fayetteville | 10 40 " |

| SOUTH BOUND. | No. 3. DAILY. |
|---|---|
| Leave Fayetteville | 4 33 P. M. |
| Leave Hope Mills | 4 52 " |
| Leave Red Springs | 5 33 " |
| Arrive Maxton | 6 00 " |
| Leave Maxton | 6 15 " |
| Arrive Bennettsville | 7 15 " |

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday. |
|---|---|
| Leave Ramseur | 6 40 A. M. |
| Leave Climax | 8 30 " |
| Arrive Greensboro | 9 17 " |
| Leave Greensboro | 9 25 " |
| Leave Stokesdale | 11 07 " |
| Arrive Madison | 11 55 " |

| SOUTH BOUND. | No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday |
|---|---|
| Leave Madison | 12 30 P. M. |
| Leave Stokesdale | 1 15 " |
| Arrive Greensboro | 2 30 " |
| Leave Greensboro | 3 00 " |
| Leave Climax | 3 50 " |
| Arrive Ramseur | 5 30 " |

CONNECTIONS!

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

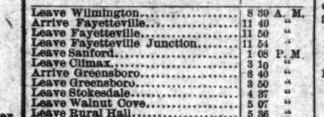
J. W. FRY, Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

my 27 tf

THE

## Clyde Steamship Co.

**NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C., AND GEORGETOWN, S. C. Lines.**



**New York for Wilmington.**

CROATAN .....Saturday, September 17th
G. W. CLYDE.....Wednesday, September 21st
BENEFACTOR .....Saturday, September 24th

**Wilmington for New York.**

BENEFACTOR.....Friday, September 16th
CROATAN .....Friday, September 23rd
G. W. CLYDE .....Monday, September 26th

**Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.**

CROATAN .....Tuesday, September 20th
BENEFACTOR .....Tuesday, September 27th

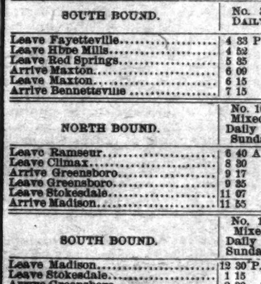
G. W. Clyde does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. jy 15 tf



## THE FATTED CALF,

when it was killed and served to the Prodigal Son, didn't furnish a more delicious repast than you can obtain any day from our choice stock of fat and prime meats in Beef, Lamb, Pork, Mutton, Veal and Fresh Poultry. The Prodigal would have thought he was getting "a free lunch" by the side of our rich, tender and juicy meats, if he could sample them.

I. B. RHODES.

se 18 tf

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

This is to inform the public that I have returned to the city and will resume the practice of law. Office on third floor of Carolina Insurance building.

**Money to Land.**

se 1 1m JOHN H. GORE, Jr.

## ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

**Schedule In Effect July 28, 1898.**

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12.03 a. m., Wilson 12.49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1.30 p. m., Tarboro 2.31 p. m., Weldon 3.32 p. m., Petersburg 5.04 p. m., Richmond 6.40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11.30 p. m., Baltimore 1.02 a. m., Philadelphia 3.30 a. m., New York 6.33 a. m., †Boston 3.00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.32 p. m., Warsaw 9.10 p. m., Goldsboro 10.10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 8.45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11.37 p. m. Weldon 1.48 a. m., †Norfolk 10.15 a. m., Petersburg 3.14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7.41 a. m., Baltimore 9.02 a. m., Philadelphia 11.25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9.00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 4.18 p. m. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.18 p. m., Newbern 5.40 p. m.

Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 p. m., Chadbourn 5.28. p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 65—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 p. m., Chadbourn 5.28. p. m. Marion 6.34 p. m., Florence 7.15 p. m. Sumter 9.32 p. m., Columbia 10.50 p. m., Denmark 6.10 a. m., Augusta 7.25 a. m. Macon 11.15 a. m., Atlanta 12.35 p. m. Charleston 10.50 p. m., Savannah a. m., Jacksonville 7.30 a. m., St. Augustine 10.30 a. m., Tampa 6.00 p. m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p. m., *New York 9.00 p. m., Philadelphia 12.05 a. m., Baltimore 2.50 a. m., Washington 4.30 a. m., Richmond 9.05 a. m., Petersburg 10.00 a. m., Norfolk 9.10 a. m., Weldon 11.50 a. m., Tarboro 12.29 p. m., Rocky Mount 1.19 p. m., Wilson 2.30 p. m., Goldsboro 3.05 p. m., Warsaw 3.59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a. m., Philadelphia 12.00 p. m., Baltimore 2.25 p. m., Washington 3.46 p. m., Richmond 7.30 p. m., Petersburg 8.12 p. m., †Norfolk 2.20 p. m., Weldon 9.43 p. m., †Tarboro 6.00 p m., Rocky Mount 5.40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6.22 a. m., Goldsboro 7.01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8.05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 a. m. Jacksonville 10.25 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 a. m., Sanford 3.07 p. m., Jacksonville 8.00 p. m., Savannah 1.45 a. m. Charleston 6.33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7.50 a. m., Macon 9.00 a. m., Augusta 2.30 p. m., Denmark 4.17 p. m. Sumter 6.06 a. m., Florence 8.55 a. m. Marion 9.34 a. m., Chadbourn 10.30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11.09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.15 p.

The Morning Star.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 17.

## STATE MILITIA SERVICE.

**Call Issued for a National Convention to Assemble at Tampa, Fla., in February.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TALLAHASSEE, FLA., September 16.—Governor Bloxham to-day issued a call, addressed to the Governor of each State, for a national convention to assemble in Tampa, February 8th, 1899, for the purpose of discussing plans for a reorganization of the State militia service. The call is as follows:

"Impressed with the necessity for a thorough reorganization of our State militia service, as discussed by members of the National Harbor Defence Convention, at Tampa in 1896, I have deemed it proper to issue a call for a national convention in this interest, to assemble at Tampa, Fla., on the 8th day of February, 1899.

"The object of this convention will be, to discuss and suggest methods for placing State troops on the most effective footing. Questions relating to arms, equipment, tactics, clothing, food and transportation, will be considered and discussed by experts. Special attention will be given to the subject of camp sites, sanitation and all precautionary measures that modern science can suggest, to insure the comfort and health of troops.

"A commodious building will be arranged for exhibits of such articles as may be deemed desirable for army and navy uses.

"In the interest of patriotism and the welfare of the country, I respectfully request the Governors of the various States of the Union to appoint delegates from their land and naval militia service to this convention. The army and navy of the United States will be represented by prominent delegates.

"A circular letter will be issued in due time, giving full details as to the proposed work desired by this convention.

"Hoping that you will have your State fully represented, I have the honor to remain,

"Respectfully, yours,
"W. D. BLOXHAM, Governor."

## PARIS PEACE COMMISSIONERS

**Final Departure from Washington—Capt. Bradford, of the Navy Department, Accompanied the Party.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 16.—The cabinet was in session an hour to-day, Secretary Alger being the only absentee. Secretary Day tendered to the President his resignation as Secretary of State and took leave of his cabinet associates. Assistant Secretary Moore of the State Department also tendered his resignation to the President. The instructions to the peace commission were gone over for the last time and officially approved.

The commissioners, with the exception of Senator Gray, who is expected to join the party at New York to-morrow, left Washington at 4 o'clock this afternoon over the Pennsylvania railroad without any ceremonies. The commissioners were accompanied by a considerable staff of attaches, and Edward Savoy, the faithful and trusted messenger, who has stood guard at the doors of the secretaries and assistant secretaries of state for many years and who will in Paris still be on guard at the doors of the rooms where the commissioners will take up their quarters.

Before leaving the State Department Secretary Day held a reception and said farewell to all of the employes, individually.

Captain Bradford, chief of the bureau of equipment of the Navy Department, was notified at the last moment that the President desired his attendance upon the commissioners at Paris in the capacity of an expert, for no one in the United States navy is so well informed as this officer as to the needs of the navy in the matters of coaling and naval stations. He will follow the commissioners on the next steamer.

## PORTO RICO EVACUATION.

**Spanish Agree to Begin Withdrawal of Troops to the Capital—Americans to Occupy Territory.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO, September 15.—(Delayed in transmission)—At their meeting to-day the Spanish evacuation commissioners agreed to begin the formal withdrawal of their lines within two days. They will evacuate Lares, San Sebastian and Aguadilla, in the northwest of the island, withdrawing towards the capital. Under the armistice they could not withdraw their outposts without permission. Detachments of the Eleventh infantry will occupy this territory and raise the American flag. The abandonment of other outposts will follow. The Spanish commissioners understand perfectly that the evacuation of the island must be in accordance with the terms of the protocol, as soon as transports can be procured. Transports at the fever-infected ports of Cuba cannot, they say, be used to convey uninfected troops from Porto Rico. The troops from Porto Rico are to be landed at different ports in Spain. The Spanish authorities here cannot control the transports in this respect. They must await the pleasure of Madrid. Our commissioners realize the force of this argument and they are willing to make reasonable concessions.

## COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

**For the Week Ending Friday, Sept. 16, 1898.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending Sept. 16th:

| | 1898. | 1897. |
|---|---|---|
| Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week | 111,475 | 176,114 |
| Total receipts to this date | 176,950 | 262,279 |
| Exports for week | 34,292 | 37,770 |
| Total exports to date | 70,792 | 49,720 |
| Stock in all U. S. ports | 258,310 | 251,488 |
| Stock at all interior towns | 116,074 | 124,115 |
| Stock in Liverpool, | 707,000 | 387,000 |
| American afloat for Great Britain | 46,000 | 22,000 |

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

The BEST SAVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

# TRADE PROSPECTS ARE PROMISING.

**Much More Business Being Done Than in the Best of Past Years.**

## RUSH OF ORDERS LIFT PRICES.

**Consuming Demand Very Large—Indications That the Business of the Country is Expanding—Iron Mills Crowded With Orders.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s *Weekly Review of Trade* will say to-morrow:

Business is passing well through the difficulties that attend the winding up of a war, which are generally greater than while war is in progress. The rush of orders, kept back while war lasted, by those who thought it shrewd not to take any chances, has lifted prices a little and caused a large, demand for the time than can continue; but though it has passed, there is ample evidence that the consuming demand is very large, how large can only be judged after some weeks of waiting, but it looks as if those who wait longer are likely to pay most. The business of the country is expanding, so that payments through clearing houses in the second week of September were 22.5 per cent. larger than in 1892, and for two weeks 12 per cent. From these and railway returns and such trade reports as are instructive, it must be concluded that much more business is being done than in the best of past years, though not always with much profit.

Wheat has come forward much more freely, and the price has advanced 2 cents. It is supposed that the advance is largely due to milling demand coming upon a narrow supply. Exports are large, 3,007,876 bushels (flour included) from Atlantic and 201,052 bushels from Pacific ports, and for two weeks 5,697,320 bushels from both coast, against 10,796,853 bushels last years. The receipts of wheat for two weeks of September have been 14,663,895 bushels, against 14,497,106 bushels last year. The foreign demand will be smaller and the American crops larger than last year.

The slight yielding in corn was due rather to the government report, which is not entirely discredited as to that crop, than to any change in movement, which has been small compared with last year. The exports for two weeks have been 4,351,331 bushels against 7,075,363 last year.

With the starting of 19 iron furnaces idle a month ago, partly not included as yet, the weekly output September 1st was 213,043 tons against 206,777 August 1st, and the decrease in stocks 16,990 tons in two months indicates a consumption but little below a million tons per month. Structural work is the heaviest ever known at Pittsburg, though smaller than last year at New York. Bar mills are crowded with the general railway demand for autonomatic couplers and orders for new cars; 800 for one road, and a large order for street cars for Japan, and plate mills are everywhere crowded. The demand for pipe is the largest for a long time and also for boiler tubes, and the sheet mills are crowded west of Philadelphia, while the foundry consumption is heavy and the rail mills not yet ready to accept orders which they cannot deliver for months, being engaged far ahead. Southern pig iron has been sold for export, 30,000 tons in all, including 15,000 to Scotland, and orders for 15,000 more have been refused.

Important cotton mills have stopped and print cloths are held at 2.06 cents, with other cotton goods unyielding, but cheap material hinders operations for those who have to sell goods made from higher priced cotton. Woollen mills represent rather better orders, although much machinery is idle; those who have not old wool bidding much below the current prices, which are so far maintained that the sales for two weeks have been only 6,635,300 pounds, against 36,628,400 last year and 17,015,100 in the same weeks of 1892. It is worthy of notice that 350,000 pounds Australian wool was sold at Boston for shipment to Europe. While the mills cannot buy at present prices, except for mixture with other wools, many insist, just as they did eight months ago, that the old stocks must be about exhausted.

Failures for the week were 174 in the United States, against 204 last year; and 23 in Canada, against 40 last year.

## NORTH ATLANTIC SQUADRON.

**Reduced From a Force of About 100 Vessels to 32.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 16.—Secretary Long this afternoon issued an important order reorganizing the North Atlantic squadron. The fleet is reduced from a force of about 100 vessels to 32, the remainder being detached ready for disposition in the future. The four vessels of the Morgan line, the Prairie, Yosemite, Yankee and Dixie, with the auxiliary cruisers Badger and Panther, are ordered to be laid up in reserve at League island. The fleet as reorganized will consist of the Indiana, Massachusetts, Texas, New York, Brooklyn, Amphitrite, Puritan, Miantonomoh, Terror, Cincinnati, Montgomery, Newark, San Francisco, Detroit, Marblehead, Mayflower, New Orleans, Bancroft, Marietta, Topeka, Castine, Nashville, Wilmington, Machias, Princeton, Fern, Hist, Resolute, Potomac, Scorpion and Alvaredo.

**Vessels Out of Commission.**

Another order from the Secretary put the following vessels now at the Norfolk navy yard out of commission: Siren, Stranger, Tecumseh, Piking, Wasp, Frolic and Apache. They are not needed now, and their crews will be transferred to other ships.

There will be no change in the flag officers of the North Atlantic squadron in consequence of the reorganization. Rear Admiral Sampson, though in Havana on detached duty, will remain in command of the squadron, while Commodore Philip will be in command of the second section of the fleet. This reorganization of the fleet is probably the beginning of the execution of a programme for the reorganization of all of the forces of the various stations, and which will include the revival of the European station, the rehabilitation of the South Atlantic station and perhaps the creation of a Southern Pacific station.

**THE LADIES.**

The pleasant effect and safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists. †

# GOVERNMENT ESTABLISHED.

**General Otis Makes Official Report on the Situation of Affairs in Manila.**

## UNITED STATES LAWS APPLY

**Tariff Imposed and Duties Collected As Directed by the President—Insurgents Quiet—Trade and Commerce Active.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 16.—The following dispatches were received to-day at the War Department from General Otis:

"*Manila, September 16.*—In my opinion, based upon present indications, no further force required. Insurgent leaders in politics and army are in an excitable frame of mind, but the better portion are amenable to reason and desire to make an approved reputation before the civilized world.

(Signed) "OTIS, Commanding."

*Manila, Sept. 16.*—Telegraphed situation briefly yesterday. Insurgents have acceded to demand and evacuated entire city of Manila, except small force in one outlying district. No difficulty anticipated and no concession made to them. They express strong desire to maintain friendly intercourse with the United States government in all particulars. They organized a congress Thursday at Malolas, twenty miles north of the city, to frame a plan of government. Manila is very quiet; military government is being perfected gradually and a large force is policing and cleaning the city. Health of command satisfactory. Trade and commerce active. Treasury receipts since August 14th, five hundred and forty-five thousand dollars, Mexican current money. Philippines' monthly expenses will aggregate at least three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, nearly one-half of which is required to subsist thirteen thousand Spanish prisoners. I believe that receipts will largely exceed expenditures. Tariffs and duties are imposed, as directed by the President on July 12th, but are received in currency of the country, as on gold basis it would almost double former Spanish duties. United States laws are applied for the admission of Chinese and opium; sales of license for lotteries and other pastimes opposed by public morals are discontinued.

[Signed] "OTIS, Commanding."

**National Assembly Inaugurated.**

MANILA, September 16.—The Philippine National Assembly was inaugurated at Malolos yesterday with great enthusiasm. There were thousands of visitors from the provinces and a great display made. Aguinaldo, at 9 o'clock in the morning, entered the hall of the convent recently occupied by the Spanish local government. It is an extremely plain room, adorned only with some religious pictures. The insurgent leader was in evening dress, according to the Spanish custom. The others were ordinarily costumed. Aguinaldo, who was received with cheers and also with cries of "Viva America!" by the large crowd of natives inside and outside the hall, read a decree convoking the members, who included several Spaniards. He next read a message eulogizing the army and thanking the friendly nations which had set the historical example of liberty and had assisted a down-trodden race. Continuing, Aguinaldo urgently and eloquently exhorted the assembly to "follow the noblest principles," and invoked the "spirits of the martyred Filipinos." The assembly then adjourned for the day.

During the afternoon many Americans and Europeans arrived, and Aguinaldo was kept busy receiving visitors, including the American consul.

The correspondent of the Associated Press had a private interview with Aguinaldo, who is extremely unwilling to compromise himself with the natives. He said that a majority of the Filipinos had been struggling for freedom "for years and centuries" and that they now believe that object has been obtained.

Aguinaldo professed entire ignorance of the autonomous systems in vogue in the British colonies, of protectorates and of American state autonomy. He said he was unable to understand the idea and only understood "absolute independence." Personally, he believed a protectorate for the Philippines was necessary, but he feared that the people would be disapointed in this. He had not studied political economy and knew nothing about the various forms of government. He inquired whether Australia was an American colony, and he said he had never heard of a Malay protectorate.

Continuing, the insurgent leader said there was no need of protection for the Philippine islands, because the Filipinos were able to cope with any army. He admitted that he had never seen a foreign army, with the exceptions of the garrisons at Hong Kong and Singapore, and he had never seen these troops on parade. Aguinaldo declined to discuss the American army and protested his undying gratitude to the Americans.

Aguinaldo declined to discuss the American army and protested his undying gratitude to the Americans. He said they had come to the Philippines to fight the Spaniards only, and now that they had finished the task, it was to be expected that they would return to America. He was unwilling to believe that the Americans would demand a reward for an act of humanity and he declined to admit the necessity of a *quid pro quo.*

The Filipino leader expressed himself confident that the newly formed government would build a navy ultimately. In the meantime, he said, the great nations should protect and aid a young nation, instead of grabbing her territories. If the Americans should refuse to withdraw, the National Assembly, he said, must decide the policy to be pursued—a policy which he declined to forecast. Further conversation was prevented by the strains of a brass band, but General Aguinaldo was interviewed also by a dozen American journalists and one Japanese.

**Horrible Tortures.**

Several Filipinos assure this correspondent that they have personally witnessed horrible tortures at Iloilo—the feet of natives held to a candle flame for hours, electric currents applied to the most sensitive parts of the body, and various unnameable atrocities—all intended to extort confession. This is scarcely credible, but there are numerous alleged witnesses of such outrages and several who show scars of recent origin and unhealed. Some say they escaped only through bribing the Spanish officials. It is natural that there should be a yearning for revenge upon the Spanish prisoners at Malolos, but these are not maltreated. The correspondent saw several who were at perfect liberty, having peaceful employment and, apparently, quite content to remain.

# ARMY TO ENCAMP IN THE SOUTH.

**For Winter Quarters and Preparatory to Occupation of Cuba and Porto Rico.**

## SEVENTY THOUSAND TROOPS.

**The Majort Part is Destined for Service in Cuba With a Smaller Force for Porto Rico and a Reserve to be Kept in Winter Camps.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—The military movements are being directed rapidly toward the assembling of a lage army in Southern stations for winter camps and preparatory to the military occupation of Cuba and Porto Rico. About seventy thousand troops are now located in the South, and orders will be issued sending the First, Sixth, Ninth and Tenth cavalry from Montauk to Southern stations. The Third cavalry already has gone South, and the First and Second infantry were yesterday afternoon ordered to Anniston, and the Eighth and Sixteenth to Huntsville. This leaves the Seventh, Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth infantry, the Second volunteer engineers, and Companies G and H, Fourth artillery, at Montauk. Within a day or two these troops will be ordered South, and Camp Wikoff will be no more. The major part of the army thus assembled is destined for service in Cuba, with a smaller force for Porto Rico and a reserve in the Winter camps. It is not the intention, however, to send the army of occupation to Cuba until after the unhealthy season has passed, and meanwhile the troops will be put in the best possible condition.

In assembling and organizing the army for the occupation of Cuba the consideration of possible trouble with the organized insurgents is not being taken into serious account. The Havana dispatches stating there has developed a strong sentiment in favor of independence and opposition to annexation, coupled with hostility toward the United States, is read with rather an air of amusement by officials of the administration. The purpose of the Cubans to establish a stable independent form of government is strictly in accordance with the terms of the President's proclamation, and, therefore, furnishes no reason for a feeling of hostility. All the information in the possession of the War Department, it is said, indicates the most cordial relations and harmony of purpose between the Cubans and the representatives of the government.

## CUBAN COMMISSIONERS.

**No Official Business Yet Undertaken. Advices from Matanzas—Affairs at Santiago.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, September 16, 5.15 P. M.—Admiral Sampson and his staff came ashore this morning and drove around the town. No official business has yet been undertaken and no sessions of the commission have been held.

Mr. Robert P. Porter left to-day for Cienfuegos, where he goes to make a survey and report upon the conditions existing there.

Advices from Matanzas report a terrible condition of neglect at the San Carlos cemetery there. Twenty-nine bodies, gathered between the 3d and 12th insts., are unburied and in an advanced stage of decomposition, infecting the whole neighborhood and creating a fearful stench. The bodies had been left unburied because no proper documents accompanied them, making their burial regular.

SANTIAGO, September 16.—Contrary to reports that seem to have been circulated in the United States, representing that the American soldiers were dying of starvation at Santiago—reports that elicited an inquiry from the War Department regarding the matter—the troops here have ample supplies of every kind, except that in some instances the fresh meat supply has been unsatisfactory. The fact is that the meat sent here in refrigerator ships, owing to the delay in unloading, becomes more or less tainted before it can be used.

## WEST INDIES HURRICANE.

**The Worst Visitation of the Kind Experienced During This Century.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

KINGSTON, JA., September 16.—The hurricane of Sunday was undoubtedly the worst visitation of the kind experienced by the West Indies during this century, both in violence and extent. The hurricane swept along the island chain from Barbadoes westward to St. Vincent, and thence northwest to St. Kitt's, where it was last heard from.

Details received from St. Vincent, British West Indies, show that an unparalleled destruction of life and property has taken place there. Out of a population of 41,000, three hundred were killed and 20,000 were injured and rendered homeless. Besides this, owing to the complete destruction of all provisions, they are all starving. The island has been absolutely gutted by the wind and floods from the mountains, in addition to the waves along the coast.

There has been great loss to shipping along the track of the cyclone.

Relief funds are being raised in response to an appeal from the governor of St. Vincent.

## YELLOW FEVER REPORT,

**A New Case in Jackson, Mississippi—A Suspicious Case at Winona.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSON, MISS., September 16.—Dr. Purnell made the announcement to-day of a new case of fever in Jackson. The patient is J. H. Manley, a train dispatcher, employed by the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley Railroad. His condition to-night is serious. Following the announcement, many persons left to-day. Numbers more are preparing to leave. Two more cases are being watched, but are not classed as suspicious; all in the southwest part of the city. A large part of Jackson, including the Illinois Central depot, has been quarantined.

Dr. Birtchett reports no new cases at Orwood and Taylor's. A suspicious case has been reported at Winona and is under investigation by the State Board.

**CASTORIA**
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

## THE MURDERED EMPRESS.

**Ceremonies at Vienna—A Painful Scene in the Church—Another Anarchist Outrage—More Arrests.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

VIENNA, September 16.—The public was permitted to view the casket, containing the remains of the late Empress of Austria to-day. It is reposed on a catafalque, in the chapel of Hofburg, where masses for the repose of the soul of the deceased were celebrated incessantly at three altars until noon.

On the casket were four wreaths sent by the children and grandchildren of the deceased, while many other floral offerings were upon the walls of the chapel. There was a steady procession of people until the church was closed at 5 o'clock, among them being Prince Albert of Belgium and other personages of high rank. Even after the doors were closed thousands remained outside.

After the blessing of the remains Emperor Francis Joseph knelt down and repeatedly kissed the coffin. He asked the maids of honor whether her majesty suffered much. They replied that she did not.

Count Nigra, the Italian ambassador, has again protested against the attacks that are being made upon Italians throughout Austria. Count Goluchowski, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, has replied that the Emperor has given personal directions with a view of preventing a renewal of the attacks.

It transpires that a painful scene occurred at the church. The Emperor was prostrated with grief. Upon arriving at the Hofburg chapel, on Thursday night, his majesty became almost unconscious from the intensity of his emotions. Many of those present wept in sympathy.

The *Nues Wiener Tageblatt* publishes a report of an attempted anarchist outrage on the Prince of Naples at Loeben, Styria, during the course of the Prince's journey to this city. One anarchist, named Yizzi, was arrested. Another, named Cabiglio escaped.

GENEVA, Sept. 16.—An italian named Giovanni Silva has been arrested on suspicion of being an accomplice of the assassin of the Empress Elizabeth.

A dispatch received here from Budapest suggests the possibility that the real name of the assassin is Succicati.

## SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

**Acquires Control of the St. Louis Air Line R. R.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Sept. 16.—The *Evening Post* to-day prints the following:

A railroad deal of more than ordinary interest is rapidly progressing to a successful termination and in a short time the formal announcement will be made that the Southern Railway has acquired control or possession of the St. Louis Air Line (L. E. and St. L.) and of the Kentucky and Indiana Bridge, crossing the Ohio at Louisville.

This will give the Southern an entrance into Evansville and St. Louis, points which it has long desired to touch, and it will be a direct competitor for business from these points and would have a voice in the making of rates between these two cities, which privilege it does not now enjoy.

## NEGRO KILLED.

**Shot by An Officer While Resisting the Arrest of His Son.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PETERSBURG, VA, Sept. 16—This morning, about 11 o'clock, Henry Hawkes, colored, was shot and instantly killed by Detective Baldwin, of the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company, at the store of his son, at Wilson, about thirty miles from this city. Baldwin and another detective went there to arrest the younger Hawkes on a charge of conspiracy to defraud, and it is said that the elder Hawkes drew a pistol and threatened the life of one of the detectives. He was pointing the pistol at Mr. Felts, it is alleged, when he was shot in the back of the neck. The younger Hawkes says his father was retreating when he was shot. Baldwin came to this city and surrendered. He brought H. W. Hawkes with him under arrest.

## THE KANSAS GHOULS.

**Testimony in Case of Lieut. Wise Concluded—Verdict Not Made Public.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CAMP MEADE, MIDDLETOWN, PA., September 16.—The testimony in the case of Lieutenant Wise, of the Twenty-second Kansas, was concluded to-day. Wise testified in his own defence that Lieutenant Morgan had ordered the soldiers to dig at Manassas for relics and that the men did not know they were despoiling the graves of Confederate soldiers. Morgan denied giving such orders, although several other witnesses corroborated the story of Wise. The verdict has been made public.

## THREE BATTLESHIPS.

**Contracts Assigned to Builders—To be Completed in Thirty-three Months.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 16.—The three battleships which have just been contracted for have been assigned as follows:

The Ohio to the Union Iron Works, of San Francisco; the Missouri to the Newport News Company; the Maine to Cramp & Sons, of Philadelphia. The ships are to be built in thirty-three months. Formal notices of the awards were sent out to-day to the successful bidders.

## THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

**Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Washington—Washington, 3; Cleveland, 6.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; Chicago, 0. Second game, Philadelphia, 5; Chicago, 10.

Boston—Boston, 10; St. Louis, 2.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 7; Louisville, 7; eleven innings.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 3; Cincinnati, 2.

New York—New York, 0; Pittsburg, 7.

## FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.

**Four Persons Instantly Killed and Others Injured.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

EVERGREEN, ALA., September 16.—News has just reached here of the bursting of the boiler at the mill of Travis & Perdue, fourteen miles from here. Bud Archer, the engineer, his wife and child and his wife's sister were instantly killed and four men knocked senseless, but not fatally hurt.

## GEN. TORAL MOBBED.

**An Infuriated Crowd of Spaniards Surrounded His House and Stoned the Building.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

VIGO, SPAIN, September 16.—A crowd of about 700 people besieged the house of General Toral to-day, demanding that the troops which arrived here yesterday from Santiago de Cuba, on board the Spanish steamer Leon XIII, be immediately landed. They proceeded to the quays, cheering the troops, and were with difficulty dispersed by soldiers of the garrison. Afterward a crowd of about 1,500 people returned to the quays, and when they saw the soldiers landing, barefooted and nearly naked, they became infuriated and surrounded General Toral's house, hooting and hissing, and stoning the building. Eventually the Spanish general succeeded in escaping to the Leon XIII. On learning this, the mob gathered on the dock and stoned the steamer for half an hour, smashing the cabin windows. The Leon XIII was obliged to leave the place where she was moored.

Five steamers are ready to transport the returning Spanish soldiers and civil officers, with the archives and munitions of war, from Cuba, but it is believed it will take four months, and cost 80,000,000 pesetas to bring the troops back to Spain.

## NEGRO PAYMASTER.

**McKinley Says Troops Must Take Pay from Him or Go Without.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 16th.—Paymaster General Stanton, has turned over to the President all the papers relating to the recent unpleasantness growing out of the refusal of a Texas regiment to receive pay from Major Lynch because he is colored. The President has taken no definite action beyond expressing approval of General Stanton's course in sending a sharp dispatch to the commanding paymaster of that department, stating in effect, that as Major Lynch has been regularly commissioned by the President as an army paymaster the troops must take their pay from him or else go without pay. Thus the matter stands, with the papers before the President. There is the possibility that a new question may arise on the point of insubordination in refusing to receive pay from paymasters regularly commissioned to make payments.

## NINE MEN DROWNED.

**Fishing Schooner Sunk in Collision With a Steamship.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, Mass., September 16th.—The steamship Gloucester, of the Merchants and Miners Transportation Company, which arrived here this forenoon from Baltimore, reports that at 1.30 o'clock this morning she collided with the schooner Alice Jordan off Martha's Vineyard and that nine of the Jordan's crew were drowned. Seven of the crew were saved and brought here on the Gloucester. Captain F. M. Howes, of the Gloucester, says that the steamer had all her lights burning at the time of the accident. The weather was cloudy and the night quite dark.

## WARM WIRELETS.

Application for a receiver for the National Linseed Oil Company was made in the United States Circuit Court at Chicago yesterday.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week were $1,230,603,298; per cent. decrease 4.0. Exclusive of New York, $487,276,295; per cent. decrease 5.3.

Brigadier General J. T. Haskell, United States army, dropped dead at the barracks, Columbus, Ohio. The excitement of the day, incident to the return of the Seventeenth infantry, brought on heart failure.

The Secretary of the Navy has ordered a court martial for the trial of Chaplain McIntyre of the Oregon who is accused of publicly denouncing his brother officers who were engaged in the battle of July 3rd.

It is reported that the Spanish peace commission will be composed of Senor Montero Rios, President of the Senate; Senor Villarrufa, General Gorero, General Azcarraga and Senor Urzais. But it is added further changes are possible.

The remains of the woman, whose dismembered body was found in a pond near Bridgeport, Conn., have been identified as Miss Grace Marian Perkins, of Middleboro, Mass. No arrests have yet been made, but the police are following up a number of clues.

**September Mullets.**

3500 Pounds New Mullets.
175 Picnic Cheese.
250 Bags Peanuts.
900 Bushels R. P. Oats.
840 Bags 100 Salt.
600 Bags 125 Salt.
800 Bags 180 Salt.
750 Bags 200 Salt.
100 Bags Dairy Salt.
100 Barrels Pocket Salt.

Write for Prices.
W. B. Cooper,
Wholesale Grocer,
Wilmington, N. C.
se 11 tf

**FISH, FISH, FISH.**

New Catch Mullets just in.
BUTTER AND CHEESE,
MEATS, FLOUR, &c.

THE FINEST
PORTO RICO MOLASSES
in Tierces. Extra Good.
Get Our Prices and Samples.

Hall & Pearsall,
Wholesale Grocers,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
se4 tf

**CAPE FEAR ACADEMY**
Opens Sept. 19th.
Offers every advantage for a preparation for Business or College. Saves expense. Young pupils carefully taught.
W. CATLETT, Principal.
se 11 1w

**NOTICE.**
William H. Green & Co. have removed from 119 Market street to northeast corner of Front and Market. se 15 1w

**D. O'CONNOR.**
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved city real estate. se 1 tf

**THE SNEED CO.,**
**Furniture and Bedding.**

We are opening our Fall stock, direct from the best factories in the United States. Before house cleaning, call and we will show you How Cheap we can sell you a new stylish piece for your Bed-room, Dining-room or Parlor. A few of those Dixie Mosquito Nets left.
To our friends and patrons in the country and adjoining towns we respectfully invite you, write us or call on us when in need of anything in our line.
We cannot and will not be Undersold.
THE SNEED CO.,
se 17 tf Corner Second and Market Sts.

**Do You Know**
That We Have the Largest and Best Assortment of
HARDWARE
In the State, and Compete with Any Market in Prices?
ARE YOU AWARE
That we have the BEST EQUIPPED TIN SHOP in the City,, and Make a Specialty of ROOFING and Repairing of Roofs?
Our Plumbing and Gas Fitting Establishment
Is Complete, and Nothing but First Class Workmen Employed.
OWEN F. LOVE & CO.
se 3 tf

**SCHOOL BOOKS,**
School Supplies,
School Furniture.
LARGEST STOCK. LOWEST PRICES.
C. W. YATES & CO.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
BUTTONS For "White Government Clubs"
Wholesale and Retail.
se 4 tf

## BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, fo 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

**For Sale at a Bargain**—A fine three-gallon Milch Cow with young calf. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. sep 17 tf

**For Rent**—The Currie Stables, corner of Second and Princess. This is a good opportunity for any one desiring to enter the livery stable business. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. sep 17 tf

**Grapes Wanted**—Will buy Scuppernong Grapes at $20 to $50 per hundred bushels according to quality. Apply to Henri Pateau, French wine maker, 113 South Front street. sep 16 3t

**You Are All Invited** to have your hands read at the Palmist Parlors. Madame Elrado is going to leave this week for the West India Islands, so this is your last chance. Front street, over Market building. se 13 1w

**For Rent**—Eight-room house on Front street, between Walnut and Red Cross. All modern improvements. Rent reasonable. P. Donlan. se 13 tf

**For Rent**—Nine-room House, west side Fifth street, between Chesnut and Mulberry. Modern conveniences. Seven-room House, No. 312 North Seventh street, between Mulberry and Walnut. Modern conveniences, cistern, etc. W. E. Perdew. se 11 1w

**Bargains in China,** Glassware, etc., for the next 15 or 20 days at Watson's China Store, No. 26 South Front street. All goods at cost. se 11 tf

**Wanted**—Three or four good Book Compositors can get employment with Nash Bros. Printers, Goldsboro, N. C. se 9 4t

**Photographs** $1.00 per dozen, Cabinet size, smaller 50 cents. You can get them here the year round. They are good for the money. These high grade Carbonets applies to your refinement. Frames and Easels to suit. Ask for U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. sep 7 tf

**To Country Merchants** and farmers who sell Country Produce. Try M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street, for best prices, quick sales and prompt returns. August 27, 1898. au 28 tf

**R. V. Leonard & Bro.,** Grocers and Commission Merchants, Nos. 2 and 3 South Water street. We solicit your consignments. Prompt sales and returns guaranteed. R. V. Leonard & Bro. au 25 tf

**For Rent**—Store on Front, between Market and Dock. Store No. 11 Market street. Store on South Water, between Market and Dock. Store on North Water, between Princess and Chesnut. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. au 21 tf

**For Rent**—Dwellings and Stores. Special attention given to rent collections. Taxes, insurance and repairs attended to without extra charge. Commission on collections reasonable. Andrew Smith, real estate agent. au 21 tf

**Always Reliable.**—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208 sep 21 tf

**Hayden, P. H.,** has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

**Pratt's Food,** Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

**Eggs, Chickens,** Peaches and Apples, Irish Potatoes, &c., at R. B. Moore's, the wide awake Produce Commission Merchant, 125 Princess street. au 17 tf

**Country Produce** of every kind at low prices. Country shipments solicited. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 388. P. H. Smith, 214 Campbell street au 14 tf

**Ship Your Cotton,** Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. I also inspect tar and turpentine. H. B. Register, 105 North Water street. Wilmington, N. C. jy 26 tf

**Wilmington Seacoast R. R.**
Schedule in Effect September 1, 1898
Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.
Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M. Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.
Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid. GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT Superintendent. se 1 tf

**Bagging and Ties.**
900 Rolls Bagging.
1000 Bundles Ties.
25 Rolls 2 lb Sugar Bags
For Baling Cotton.
Also, Flour, Meat, Molasses, Crackers, Cheese, Peanuts, Drugs, and other goods.
D. L. GORE.
se 18 tf

**WE HAVE Not Made Peace.**
On the contrary we are still waging
A Bitter Warfare
against high prices on
Hardware and House Furnishings.
Come what will, the fight is going to be kept up as long as we stay in the business, and this means that the PLACE TO BUY anything in the
HARDWARE LINE
at Rock Bottom Prices is at
J. W. Murchison's,
au 16 tf ORTON BUILDING.

**S. P. McNAIR,**
Wholesale Grocer,
North Water Street.
OFFERS FOR SALE
FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.
Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.
se 1 tf

**Bagging, Ties, Fish Kegs and Salt.**
1000 Rolls 2 lb Bagging.
500 Rolls 1 3-4 Bagging.
1500 Bundles Ties.
500 Fish Kegs.
1000 Sacks, 200 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 180 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 110 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 100 lbs, Salt.
R. R. STONE & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
au 16 tf D&W 5 and 7 South Water St.

**"First in Peace and First in War"**
was said of Washington. But now we can say of
S. W. SANDERS,
of the Unlucky Corner:
First with new Celery (Kalamazoo),
First with fine new Mackerel, and
First in thinking of good things for his customers.
Our Mackerel are the finest you ever saw; all sorts and sizes. Just try them for breakfast. Pickled Salmon by the pound—the very thing you wanted. Pure Codfish in pound packages will be sure to please. Ring up 109 when you want anything good for breakfast, dinner or supper, and see how quickly you will get it.
S. W. SANDERS,
at the Unlucky Corner.
se 16 tf